# NELSON HEAT TRACE





# NELSON<sup>™</sup> CM-2201/CM-2202

HEATTRACE CONTROLLERS
Installation and Operating Instructions



1.0	Introduction 1.1GettingStarted	4
2.0	General Application Information	5
3.0	Installation 3.1 Selecting Installation Location 3.2 Mounting 3.3 Wiring	6
4.0	Initial Set-up 4.1 Display Modes 4.2 Password Protection 4.3 Security Levels	
5.0	General Operation  5.2 Display 5.3 Keypad 5.4 LED Functions 5.5 Monitoring 5.6 Alarm Management 5.7 Current-Limiting Feature 5.8 GroundFaults 5.9 Soft Start Feature	8
6.0	Control Modes 6.1 On-Off Control 6.2 Proportional Control 6.3 Forced Control Feature	11
7.0	Programming 7.1 Setpoints 7.2 Heater Setup 7.3 System Setup	12
8.0	Communications	18
9.0	Troubleshooting	20
10.0	Maintenance	24

48

Appendix F – Warranty

#### 1.1 Introduction

The Nelson Heat Trace CM-2201 is designed to monitor and control one heating circuit in ordinary and Class I, Division 2, Class I, Zone 2, and Zone 2 hazardous locations.

The CM-2202 can monitor/control two heating circuits in those same locations.

This manual provides information pertaining to the Installation, operation, testing, communications and maintenance of these controllers. See Appendix A for detailed specifications

# 1.2 Getting Started

The CM-2201/CM-2202 is typically connected to external RTDs, power or communication based on Appendix B and C. Detailed set-up of the operating/control/monitoring program is entered throughout the following sections.

For addition help, call Nelson Technical Support or follow the Troubleshooting section.

# 2.0 General Application Information

The CM-2201/CM-2202 are designed to operate on input voltages between 100 and 277 Vac and 50/60Hz. Load switching is handled by a 2-Pole solid-state relay and can control resistive loads of 30A continuous @ 40°C ambient.

The CM-2201/CM-2202 are designed to control heating circuits by monitoring one or two temperature inputs for each circuit via industry standard 3-wire,  $100\Omega$ , Platinum RTDs. The two separate RTDs for each circuit maybe utilized to customize the temperature control inputs. Several different modes are user selectable as well as the sensor failure operational mode.

The CM-2201 and CM-2202 can be operated in temperatures of  $-40^{\circ}$  F to  $+104^{\circ}$  F ( $-40^{\circ}$  C to  $+40^{\circ}$  C).

#### 3.1 Installation

The CM-2201/CM-2202 must be installed only in areas for which it has been approved and in accordance with all applicable electrical codes and ordinances. All conduit entry holes must be appropriately installed and sealed to maintain ingress protection rating.

Do not install this unit prior to functional testing if shipping container or internal packaging shows signs of damage. Notify the appropriate individuals immediately if damage is suspected.

# 3.2 Selecting Installation Location

The CM-2201/CM-2202 should be installed in an area protected from the elements as much as possible. It is possible to install the unit in unprotected areas but such often limits maintenance/access. Further, installation in unprotected areas must be carefully considered to ensure it is always in operating conditions consistent with specifications. See Appendix A for additional details.

# 3.3 Mounting

The CM-2201/CM-2202 should be mounted at a convenient height to suit operator interaction. Conduit entries should be made in the bottom of the enclosure to prevent damage to the internal electronics from moisture intrusion. Conduit entries should be drilled and the use of suitable bushings is required to maintain the environmental ratings.

# 3.4 Wiring

Electrical wiring diagrams and schematics are provided in Appendix B and C of this manual. Ensure that all wiring and connections are in accordance with applicable wiring codes. Enclosure grounding must be in accordance with applicable wiring codes for non-metallic devices.

The power supply for the CM-2201 is derived from the power provided for the load. However, the power supply for the CM-2202 can be provided independent of the power supply for the loads being controlled. For example, the power supply for the CM-2202 can be 120 VAC while the loads being controlled can be 277 VAC. Further, the power supply for the CM-2202 may also be derived from either of the loads being controlled - this is

implemented by connecting appropriate jumpers.

Refer to Wiring Diagram in Appendix B for details.

# 4.1 Initial Set-Up

Upon initial power-up, the CM-2201/CM-2202 display will run self-check, display the software version and then start the main program.

# 4.2 Display Modes

This feature determines what messages and functions are displayed during normal operations. If set to "normal user" only basic information is displayed. If set to "advanced user" all controller information is displayed. Each parameter shown in this manual will list the Display Mode required to view information and access each function during programming.

#### 4.3 Password Protection

The CM-2201/CM-2202 may have password protection enabled to ensure that sensitive operating parameters are not inadvertently adjusted. If password protection is enabled, the user will be prompted to enter a valid value to access any protected features. The user may also replace the default password value (1234) with their own unique value for greater protection of operational parameters.

# **4.4 Security Levels**

CM-2201/CM-2202 has two levels of security. The high level (Advanced Display) requires password protection. Disabling the password from the Password Enable/Disable menu will keep the password disabled indefinitely - any parameter can be changed without the use of a password. At this level all the functions and monitoring parameters are open. The low level (Normal Level) does not give access to parameters settings, but is open for few parameters monitoring like temperature, current, GFI, etc.

If the password is "Enabled", when going directly to the parameter to be changed, after the 'up' or 'down' arrow is pressed, the controller will ask for the password. Then the parameter can be changed and saved. The password will stay disabled for 15 min, then be automatically re-enabled. During the 15 min period when the password is disabled, other parameters can be changed and saved.

# **5.1 General Operation**

# 5.2 Display

The CM-2201/CM-2202 utilizes a 2 line x 16 character alphanumeric display viewable from the front keypad. The top line is reserved for the function or operation and the bottom line displays the value range.

# 5.2.1 Navigation for CM2201

The CM2201 monitors one heating circuit consisting of load (typically a heating cable) and controls the load based on the temperature of the item being heated (typically a pipe) as provided via one or two RTD's attached to the pipe and connected to the controller. To monitor the load, press Actual until "Operating Values" is displayed, then press Right or Left arrow to scroll through the various values.

To review the statistics that have been collected, press **Actual** until "Statistics" is displayed then press **Right** or **Left** arrow to scroll through the various statistics.

To change the control and monitoring settings (including alarm settings), press the **Program** key and then **Right** or **Left** arrow to scroll through the various settings. Any setting can be altered by pressing the **Up** or **Down** arrow. Note that a 4-digit password may be required to change certain settings - when required, the cursor will flash on the left most digituse the Up arrow to increase this digit value or the Down arrow to decrease it. Move the cursor to the second leftmost digit using the Right or Left arrow and it will flash until adjusted using Up/Down arrows. When the last digit has been selected, press Enter and then changes will be allowed to the setting. Once the setting is adjusted, press the Enter key to store it.

To view alarms, press the **Alarms** key and then **Right** or **Left** arrow to scroll through the various alarms. Alarms that are not active can be erased by pressing the **Reset** key.

# 5.2.2 Navigation for CM2202

The CM2202 can monitor/control two separate heating circuits (channels). The controller defaults to Channel 1 upon first start-up. All parameters for Channel 1 can be displayed and modified using standard techniques as described for the CM2201 in Section 5.2.1.

To change to Channel 2, simply press the "Actual" key and then right arrow - the active channel will be displayed. To change the channel, press the Up arrow. In general, when the active channel is displayed (eg. "CH.2"), the channel can be changed by pressing the Up or Down arrow.

# 5.3 Keypad

The keypad is "capacitive" touch sensitive and keys are activated by simply touching the area of the desired key with a finger, even when wearing gloves. Note that a stylus or other item used to touch the keypad will usually not activate the keys.

#### 5.4 LED Functions

LED indicators will show the status of the respective functions. The power LED will be illuminated when the controller is connected to a source voltage. The heater LED will be illuminated when voltage is applied to any heater. The system LED will illuminate if there is an internal hardware issue with the controller. The comm LED will illuminate when the controller is sending data through external communication. The alarm LED will flash when there is a current active alarm condition or any circuit; the alarm LED will illuminate solid when an alarm was previously present but is not currently active.

# 5.5 Monitoring

By touching the "Actual" button follow the arrow and the controller will scroll through all the active parameters.

#### 5.6 Alarm Management

All alarm(s) will be saved in the alarm log. If no alarms are active (alarm LED solid red) the Alarm LED can be turned off by touching "Reset" once for every alarm that previously occurred. If any alarm is active (alarm LED flashing red) the user cannot reset the alarm. The two alarm relays are SSR type. To set the contacts of the relays go to Settings - Heater Setup - Alarm contact. By choosing up/down arrow, the contacts can be selected to function as Normally Open or Normally Closed. Press "Enter" to save the selection. Note: By setting the contacts to NC, these contacts will be open when there is no power applied to the unit (this can be useful for signaling loss of power to the unit) OR there is an active alarm OR there previously was an active alarm that has not been acknowledged.

#### The alarm contacts function as follows:

Position	NC	NO
Power Off	Open	Open
Power On	Closed	Open
Alarm	Open	Closed

# **5.7 Current-Limiting Feature**

The Current-Limiting feature operates similarly to the Soft-Start in that it restricts the amount of time the cable is energized during any given period thereby reducing the average current draw of the cable during that period. For example, if a cable normally draws 8 Amps, but current limit is set to 6 Amps, then the cable would be energized only 75% ofthetime.

# 5.8 Ground Faults

Ground faults typically are the result of damaged or improperly installed cables which allow currentcarrying conductors/surfaces/parts to be in contact with grounded objects. For example, if a heating cable has been secured to a pipe with a clamp, and if the clamp has been overtightened, then the ground braid and/or the pipe may come in contact with current carrying parts within the cable. This would result in current leakage to ground through the ground braid of the cable and/or the pipe itself. This type of fault can eventually become serious, resulting in overheating/fire/shock hazards. Current leakage to ground can be monitored by electronic circuitry and the SPC can be programmed to either alarm or trip whenleakage current exceeds the specified maximum allowable amount.

#### 5.9 Soft-Start Feature

The Soft-Start feature enables self-regulating cables to be energized at low temperatures without causing excessive load on the electrical system and extending cable life by reducing cable internal heating due to inrush currents. The resistance of self-regulating cables decreases as the cables get colder, which results in higher current and can result in breaker trips if temperatures are very cold and the installed length of cable is long. The Soft-Start feature operates by initially only energizing the cable for a very short period of time - while the current draw may be high during this period, the period is usually short enough to reduce average load on the electrical system.

This short energization period is repeated and eventually increased; after a few minutes, the cable is usually warm enough such that the resistance has increased and the current decreased to the point where it can be continuously energized.

Control Modes CM-2201/CM-2202

#### 6.1 Control Modes

The CM-2201/CM-2202 allows the user to select different control modes based on their individual process control parameters.

#### 6.2 On-Off Control

This control method simply energizes the cable until the actual monitored temperature rises to the set point value plus half the deadband value (upper limit). The cable is then de-energized until the actual monitored temperature drops to the setpoint value minus half the deadband value. Note that this type of control can result in some temperature "overshoot;". This is because the cable is de-energized when the monitored temperature reaches the upper limit. However, the residual heat in the cable continues to transfer to the pipe, and this will cause the pipe temperature to increase slightly above the upper limit. Similarly, there can be some temperature "undershoot."

# **6.3 Proportional Control**

This control method uses the typical proportional control algorithm wherein the cable is cycled on and off at a rate proportional to the difference between the setpoint value and the actual monitored temperature. As the difference between the set point value and the actual monitored temperature increases, the amount of time the cable is energized increases proportionately. This helps reduce the "overshoot" and "undershoot" commonly associated with On/Off control.

#### **6.4 Forced Control Feature**

This control method simply allows the user to force the cable on or off as desired using an external signal (eg +5 VDC or 24 VAC) applied to the IN and G terminals or an external dry contact across the +5V and IN terminals. The External Disable must be set to "ON" to allow for external control, at which point the controller operates as follows:

A) If the Temperature setpoint is "OFF" or "None", then the heater gets energized by applying the external signal or closing the external contact.

B) If the Temperature setpoint is a specific value (eg 55C), then the setpoint will be maintained as per normal operation ONLY when the external signal is present or the external contact is closed - otherwise, the heater will be disabled.

CM-2201/CM-2202 Programming

# 7.1 Programming

# 7.2 Program-Setpoints

# 7.2.1 Setpoint Value

This message displays the name of the sub-menu when entered.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: N/A

3. Default: N/A

# 7.2.2 Maintain Temp

This value sets the control setpoint temperature for all operating modes. For On-Offcontrol, the circuit is energized if the control temperature is less than the maintain temperature minus the deadband. The circuit is de-energized if the control temperature is greater than the maintain temperature plus the deadband. If maintain temp isset to None then the heater circuit will have temperature monitoring with no control temperature. If the maintain temp is set to Off then the heater circuit will have no temperature monitoring or control.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: -50 to 500°C, none or -58°F to 932°F, none, Off

3. Default: 10° or 50° F

# 7.2.3 Low Temp Alarm

This value sets the Low Temperature Alarm setpoint. It must be less than the maintain temperature minus the Deadband. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off'. When the measured temperature of either RTDA or RTD B (if activated) is less than or equal to this setpoint, the Low Temperature Alarm is activated and a "LOW TEMP ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. This alarm deactivates when the temperature rises above the alarm setpoint value.

1. DisplayMode: All

2. Range: -50C to Maintain Temperature, Off, -58°F to Maintain Temperature, Off

3. Default: 5°Cor41°F

4. Restrictions: Message does not exist if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

# 7.2.4 High Temp Alarm

This value sets the High Temperature Alarm setpoint. It must be greater than the maintain temperature plus deadband. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When the measured temperature of either RTDA or RTDB (if activated) is greater than or equal to this set point, the High Temperature Alarm is activated and a "HIGH TEMP ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. The alarm deactivates when the temperature falls below this alarm set point.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: Maintain Temperature to +500°C, Off, Maintain Temperature to +932°F, Off

3. Default: Off

4. Restrictions: Message does not exist if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

# 7.2.5 Low Current Alarm

This value sets the Low Current Alarm setpoint. It must be less than the high current alarm setpoint. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When the heater current is less than or equal to this setpoint, the Low Current Alarm is activated and a "LOW CURRENT ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. The alarm deactivates when the Heater Current rises above this alarm setpoint. Note: This set point is based on the heater at 100% power. If Proportional Control or Current Limiting is enabled, all current measurements will be scaled to 100% power, based on a constant resistive load, before being compared to the alarm setpoint.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: 0.1A to High Current Alarm, Off

3. Default: Off

# 7.2.6 High Current Alarm

This value sets the High Current Alarm setpoint. It must be greater than the low current alarm setpoint. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When theheater current is greater than or equal to this setpoint, the High Current Alarm is activated and a "HIGH CURRENT ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. The alarm deactivates when the heater current falls below this alarm set point. This setpoint is based on the heater at 100% power.

Programming CM-2201/CM-2202

# 7.1.6 High Current Alarm Continued

If Proportional Control or Current Limiting is enabled, all current measurements will be scaled to 100% power, based on a constant resistive load, before being compared to the alarm setpoint.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: Low Current Alarm to 30.0A, Off

3. Default: Off

#### 7.1.7 Ground Fault Alarm

This value sets the Ground Fault Alarm setpoint. It must be less than the ground fault trip setpoint. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When the Ground Fault Current is greater than or equal to this setpoint, the Ground Fault Alarm is activated and a "GROUND FAULT ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. The alarm deactivates when the Ground Fault Current falls below this alarm setpoint.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: 10 to Ground Fault Trip, Off

3. Default: 30mA

# 7.1.8 Ground Fault Trip

This value sets the Ground Fault Trip setpoint. It must be greater than the ground fault alarm setpoint. To disable this trip alarm set the value to "Off". When the Ground Fault Current is greater than or equal to this setpoint, the heater circuit is de-energized, the Ground Fault Trip Alarm is activated and a "GROUND FAULT TRIP" message is added to the alarm stack. This is a latching alarm and trip. When the cause of the alarm has been corrected, the circuit may be energized by the manual reset function.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: Ground Fault Alarm to 500mA, Off

3. Default: 50mA

# 7.1.9 Low Voltage Alarm

This value sets the Low Voltage Alarm setpoint. It must be less than the high voltage alarm setpoint. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When the Line Voltage is less than or equal to this setpoint, the Low Voltage Alarm is activated and a "LOW VOLTAGE ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack. The alarm deactivates when the Line Voltage rises above this alarm setpoint.

# **Low Voltage Alarm Continued**

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: 85VAC to High Voltage Alarm, Off

3. Default: Off

# 7.1.10 High Voltage Alarm

This value sets the High Voltage Alarm setpoint. It must be greater than the Low Voltage Alarm setpoint. To disable this alarm set the value to "Off". When the Heater Voltage is greater than or equal to this setpoint, the High Voltage Alarm is activated and a "HIGH VOLTAGE ALARM" message is added to the alarm stack messages. The alarm deactivates when the Heater Voltage drops below this alarm setpoint.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: Low Voltage Alarm to 280VAC, Off

3. Default: Off

# 7.2 Program-HeaterSetup

# 7.2.1 Heater Setup

This message displays the name of the sub-menu when entered.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced

2. Range: N/A

3. Default: N/A

#### 7.2.2 Enable Heater

This selection enables control and monitoring of the heater circuit. Setpoints and measured value messages cannot be accessed unless the heater is enabled. Select "No" if the circuit is not used.

1. Display Mode: All

2. Range: yes, no

3. Default: yes

CM-2201/CM-2202 Programming

#### 7.2.3 Heater ID

This selection allows for user defined Heater Identification. It provides a unique, identifiable tag or label for each heater circuit. The Heater Name allows up to 20 alphanumeric characters which are entered one at a time from left to right. The cursor indicates which character is being selected. Press the [SELECTUP/DOWN] arrow keys to change the character. Move to the nextcharacter by pressing [NEXT] arrow. Press [ENTER] in the last character position to save the Heater ID.

DisplayMode: Advanced
 Range: 20 Characters
 Default: Blank

#### 7.2.4 Manual Override

This selection sets the response of the heater circuit to the Override inputs. The Override inputs respond to contact closure. If the Over ride is set to "Off", the over ride inputs are ignored and control of the heater circuit operates normally based on the measured temperature and maintain temperature setpoint. If the Override is set to "On", an open contact on the Override inputs forces the heater Off. When the contact on the Override input is closed, the heater control resumes innormal manner.

DisplayMode: Advanced

Range: On, Off
 Default: Off

#### 7.2.5 Deadband

The Deadband is defined as the difference between the setpoint temperature and the actual maximum temperature that is ideally allowed in excess of the setpoint temperature. Decreasing the deadband increases the temperature control accuracy but also increases the heater switching frequency.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced

2. Range:  $1C^{\circ}$  to  $5C^{\circ}$ ,  $1F^{\circ}$  to  $10F^{\circ}$ 

3. Default: 2C° or 5F°

4. Note: Deadband is disabled for Proportional Control mode.

# **Control Type**

This selection determines the type of control method used by the controller, either On-Off (Deadband) or Proportional Control. The On-Off control mode is available for all heating devices. Proportional Control mode is only available for series type heating devices.

**Warning:** Proportional Control should never be selected for use with self-regulating heating cable types due to the constantly changing characteristics of self-regulating cables - this will cause the control to be unstable. Further, the continual cycling associated with Proportional Control can result in internal heating of the cable and lead to reduced life expectancy.

5. DisplayMode: Advanced6. Range: On-Off, Proportional

7. Default: On-Off

8. Selection does not exist if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

# 7.2.6 Current Limiting

This selection sets the maximum average current limit allowed for the heater circuit. It is useful for reducing the power output of constant wattage heaters. The load will be turned on for a period of time and then turned off for a period of time to maintain the average current draw to the value set.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced 2. Range: 0.5 to 30.0 A, Off

3. Default: Off

4. Note: The value range is in 0.5A increments.

#### 7.2.7 Soft Start Mode

This function ramps the heater output from Off to nominal current of the heater over the set soft start cycle time. It is useful for reducing inrush currents of self-regulating heaters. At the end of the soft start cycle time, the load will no longer be controlled by the soft start function.

1. Display: Advanced

2. Range: 10 to 999 seconds, Off

3. Default: Off

CM-2201/CM-2202 **Programming** 

# 7.2.8 Auto Test Cycle

This value sets the frequency at which the Auto Test Cycle is activated. Auto Test is a feature that exercises the system by automatically applying power to the heater at specified time intervals. If an alarm condition is detected during this period the Auto Test Alarm is activated and an "ALARM DURING AUTO TEST" message is added to the System Status messages. This is a latching alarm. To clear the alarm, locate the alarm messsage in the Alarm Menu and press [ENTER]. To disable this feature, set the value to "Off". The Auto Test Cycle does not operate if heater is forced off for any reason, including ground fault trip.

Auto Test decreases maintenance by providing an early warning of problems that would otherwise go undetected until the heater was needed.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced 2. Range: 1 to 720 hours, Off

3. Default: 24 hours

# 7.2.9 RTD Operation

This selection determines how the control temperature is utilized by the RTD inputs.

In One RTD Mode, the temperature is based on the measured temperature from RTD-A.

In Backup Mode, control temperature is based on RTD-A. If for any reason RTD-A fails, then RTD-B takes over.

In Average Mode, the control temperature is based on the average of RTD-A and RTD-B measured temperatures.

In Lowest Mode, control temperature is based on the lowest of the two temperature measurements.

In Highest Mode, control temperature is based on the highest of the two temperature measurements.

In High Temperature Cutoff Mode, control temperature is based on RTD-A, but if the temperature from RTD-B exceeds the high temperature alarm, the heater is turned Off and a high temperature alarm is activated. The High Temperature cutoff mode will operate in one RTD mode if the high temperature alarm is turned Off.

#### **RTD Operation Continued**

Functions requiring two RTDs to operate, such as Average, Lowest, Highest and High Temperature Cutoff, will operate in One RTD mode if one of the two RTDs fail.

- 1. Display Mode: Advanced
- 2. Range: One RTD, Backup, Average, Lowest, Highest, High Temperature Cutoff
- 3. Default: One RTD
- 4. Restrictions: Message does not exist if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

#### 7.2.10 RTD Failure Mode

This selection sets the controllers fail-safe mode. The controller detects if RTD-A has failed and will use RTD-B if available. If RTD-B is not installed or has also failed, the heater will be set to its fail-safe state as selected in this mode. For freeze protection where there is no hazard from overheating, you may select "On" to operate the heater continuously and prevent freeze up. For processes where there is a potential hazard from overheating, you may select "Off", to de-energize the circuit until one of the RTD'sbecomes available.

- 1. DisplayMode: Advanced
- 2. Range: On, Off
- 3. Default: Off
- 4. Restrictions: Message does not exist if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

# 7.3 Program-SystemSetup

# 7.3.1 System Setup

This message displays the name of the sub-menu when entered.

- 1. DisplayMode: Advanced
- 2. Range: N/A
- 3. Default: N/A

#### 7.3.2 Password

This selection determines if password protection is required for programming changes. The display will show "disable" if program access is currently enabled and show "enable" if program access is currently disabled.

- 1. Display Mode: All
- 2. Range: Enable or Disable

3. Default: Enable

CM-2201/CM-2202 **Programming** 

# 7.3.3 Change Password

This selection allows the user to change the default password. The user is prompt to enter the old password, press [ENTER]. If verified, the user is then to enter the new password, press [ENTER). The user is prompt to re-enter the new password. By not entering a password and pressing [ENTER], the controller assumes no password.

1. DisplayMode: Advance

2. Range: Any combination of 2 to 16 characters 0-9,

A- Z.

3. Default: 1234

#### 7.3.4 Units

This selection determines the unit of measure for temperature values. All temperatures are displayed in the selected units of either Celsius degrees (C°) or Fahrenheit degrees (F°).

1. DisplayMode: Advance 2. Range: Celsius, Fahrenheit

3. Default: Celsius

# 7.3.5 Operational Costs

This value sets the cost per kWh of electrical power. This is used to calculate energy costs for operating this control circuit.

1. DisplayMode: Advance 2. Range: \$0.01 to 1.00 3. Default: \$0.05

# 7.3.6 Display Mode

This selection determines what messages are displayed by the controller for operations personnel. If set to "advanced user" all messages are displayed. If set to "normal user", only the basic messages are displayed. Each message listed throughout this manual shows the Display Mode required to see the message. "Advanced only" indicates that the display mode must be set to "advanced user" to view the message.

1. Display Mode: All 2. Range: Normal, Advance

3. Default: Advance

# 7.3.7 Default Display

This function specifies the information that will be displayed when no key has been pressed for the Display Time out interval as described below.

VALUE	INFORMATION
	DISPLAYED
System status	Alarm status of all the
	heaters
Heaterstatus	Alarm status of the
	heater
Heater temp	Temperature of the heater

DisplayMode: Advance

- 1. Range: System Status, Heater Status, Heater Temp
- 2. Default: system status
- 3. Restrictions: Temperature messages are not displayed if Maintain Temperature is set to Off.

# 7.3.8 Display Timeout

This function sets the length of time from the last key press, to automatically return to the Default Display information. Selecting "Off' disables this function.

1. DisplayMode: Advance 2. Range: 5 to 600 seconds, Off 3. Default: 120 seconds

#### 7.3.9 Modbus Address

This selection sets a unique address to ensure only one CM- 2201 attempts communications with the master unit at any time. See Section 8.0 for complete information on Modbus communications.

- 1. DisplayMode: Advance
- 2. Range: 1 to 255 to accommodate multiple devices on same network.
- 3. Default: 1

#### 7.3.10 Baud Rate

Sets the communication baud rate for the RS485 serial port. All controllers connected to the same data highway must operate on the same baud rate.

1. Display Mode: Advance

2. Range: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200

3. Default: 9600

Programming CM-2201/CM-2202

#### 7.3.11 Reset Module

This selection resets controller memory parameters to factory default values. If the controllers memory becomes corrupt, resetting the module will force the controller to overwrite each register and may correct any problems that exist.

1. DisplayMode: Advance

Range: yes, no
 Default: no

# 7.4 Program-SystemTest

# 7.4.1 System Test

This message displays the name of the sub-menu when entered.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced

Range: N/A
 Default: N/A

# 7.4.2 Alarm Output Test

This function is used for testing and commissioning purposes allowing thealarm output to beforced Oneither for a short period of time or continuously. At the end of the specified time duration, the testing option is automatically disabled. The alarm test function will not operate if the alarm configuration is set to disable and the message "ALARM DISABLED" will appear.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced

2. Range: 1-24 hours, Disabled, Continuously

3. Default: disabled

#### 7.4.3 Heater Test

This function overrides heater control for maintenance purposes. For normal operation, set to "disable". If a period of time is selected, the heater is forced On or Off for the selected interval. If "continuous" is selected the heater is forced On or Off until "disable" is selected.

1. DisplayMode: Advanced

2. Range: 1-24 hours, Disabled, On Continuously

3. Default: disabled

#### **Ground Fault Test**

This function will test the ground fault trip function of the controller to ensure proper operation. When selected, the controller will generate an artificial ground fault current; if the ground fault current is sensed as being greater than 30 mA, the test passes. The GF test function will verify actual ground fault current and heater trip. Status of the test will be displayed as pass or fail.

If this test has been invoked by the "Now" option and it passes, the user is prompted to reset the ground fault trip, at which time the load is capa- ble of being reenergized as required. If this test has been invoked by the "Autotest" option and it passes, the load is allowed to be reenergized as required. If this test has been invoked by the Autotest cycle and it fails, an Autotest alarm is generated but the load is allowed to be reenergized as required.

4. DisplayMode: Advanced

5. Range: Autotestcycle, Now, Disabled

6. Default: Disabled

CM-2201/CM-2202 Communications

# 8.0 Communications

The Nelson Heat Trace CM-2201 supports a subset of the Modbus® RTU protocol format that provides monitoring, programming, and control functions using Read (03) and Write (05-06) register commands.

#### 8.1 General Information

Serial Port: Select the serial port that

corresponds to your RS-485 adapter. USB to Serial adapter may be used for devices without

serial connections.

Baud Rate: User Defined at 1200, 2400,

4800, 9600 or 19200

Data Bits: 8
Stop Bits: 1

Parity: None

Device Address: User Defined between 1 and 255

# 8.2 Modbus Registers

For all Modbus registers, see Appendix D.

Example of checking alarms via Modbus from a remote terminal.

Controller SETTINGS and Status used on this example:

- a. Modbus address 04
- b. Baud rate 19200; non-parity; Stop bit 1.
- c. High Temperature alarm active
- 1. To check if any alarm is activated, send the following instruction:

04 03 0046 0026 2590

04 = controller Modbus number

03 = Modbus function code 3

0046 = start reading from data address

70

0026 = the next 38 addresses

2590 = CRC

- 2. The controller will answer with value 0x02 (High Temperature Alarm) active Alarm
- 3. Once the alarm condition has been resolved, the alarm can be cleared by sending the following instruction:

04 05 0045 FF00 9C4C

04 =controller Modbus number

05 = Modbus function code 5

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0045 = writing to data address 165

FF00 = erase command

9C4C = CRC

At this point the controller enters the alarm into the alarm log memory and clears the active alarm. To check the alarm log memory, see below.

- 4. If the command to check if any alarm is activated (as shown in (1) above) is now sent to the controller, and assuming no other alarms have since been activated, the controller will answer with 0x0000 (no active alarms).
- 5. To check the alarm log memory, issue the following instructions:

04 03 006E 0026 A598

04 = controller Modbus number

03 = Modbus function code 3

006E = start reading from data address

110

0026 = the next 38 addresses

A598 = CRC

6. The High Temperature Alarm will be listed here, so the controller will answer 0x02. The Alarm log can hold 20 alarms. After 20 alarms the

Communications CM-2201/CM-2202

oldest alarm will be erased to allow for storage of the new alarm. To erase all alarms on alarm log, see below.

7. To erase all alarms on the Alarm log from the remote terminal, send the following instruction:

04 05 0097 FF00 3D83

04 = controller Modbus number

05 = Modbus function code

0097 = data address 151 to write FF00 =

command to erase all memory log.

3D83 = CRC

CM-2201/CM-2202 Troubleshooting

# 9.1 Troubleshooting

# 9.2 Operator Checks

Upon receipt of the controller, or to check the controller for an indication of normal operation, follow the operational procedures shown below.

These procedures are designed to familiarize the operator with the controller and to provide an understanding of its operation.

In order to determine if a fault is associated with the heat tracing, wiring or the controller, it will be necessary to troubleshoot the wiring and tracer circuit. If the fault remains, remove power from the controller and exchange it with another controller. This may require some reprogramming of the new CM 2201/CM-2202. Refer to the following sections for the appropriate topic.

#### 9.2.1 RTDs

RTD failures after installation can generally be attributed to incorrect wiring or improper installation of the sensor. Troubleshooting of these failures is a very simple procedure if the proper steps are undertaken in the correct order. Some specific RTD problems and the correct methods for troubleshooting are outlined as follows.

# 1. RTD Failure Alarm(s)

If the CM2201/CM-2202 controller indicates a failure of an RTD:

- a) Ensure that the RTD is a 3-wire 100 (Platinum Type). TURN THE POWER TO THE CONTROLLER OFF BEFORE PROCEEDING!
- b) Disconnect the RTD wiring from the input terminals.
- c) Measure the RTD's resistance between the source (RED) and sense (RED) leads at the controller (it should not exceed 40  $\Omega$ ). Excessive lead resistance will cause a RTD FAILURE ALARM and must be corrected. Look for loose terminals, excessive lead length, or insufficient wire gauge and correct as necessary.
- d) Measures the RTD's resistance between the source (RED) or sense (RED) lead and the common (WHT) lead of the RTD at the controller (should be between 60 and 330  $\Omega$  depending on the temperature and the lead resistance. Verify that the RTD is wired correctly —the heat tracing conrtrollers will always be terminated in the order: source (RED), common(WHT), sense (RED).

When wiring to the CM2201/CM2202, the terminals are marked as follows:

Terminal No.	Description
GNDBus	Shield
RA	RTD A Source (RED)
WA	RTDA Common (WHT)
RA	RTDASense(RED)
GNDBus	Shield
RB	RTD B Source (RED)
WB	RTDBCommon(WHT)
RB	RTDB Sense (RED)

The RTD manufacturer will typically color code the leads with the source and sense being the same color, and the common a different color. Ensure that the RTD extension wire shield is terminated at one end only, normally using the terminal block provided at the terminal board.

**Note:** Some manufacturers use the common Black-White-Red triad color code for the RTD connections. Usually, the RED lead is the common connection (same as the White-White-Red color scheme) and the White and Black connections may be used interchangeably.

#### 2. Temperature Verification

If you consider that the indicated or displayed temperature is not correct, the controller and the RTD can be quickly checked for correct operation. To verify the RTD:

# TURN THE POWER TO THE CONTROLLER OFF BEFORE PROCEEDING!

- a) Disconnect the RTD wiring from the input terminals.
- b) To calculate the temperature indicated by the RTD, measure the resistance from source (red wire) or sense (redwire) to common(whitewire) and subtract the resistance measured between source and sense. This will give a compensated resistance value that can be cross-referenced to one of the RTD tables found in Appendix EorAppendix F. Compare the measured resistance and cross-referenced temperature value obtained from the RTD table to the indicated or displayed value. These should agree to within the accuracy standards of the CM2201/CM2202 and the RTD.

Troubleshooting CM-2201/CM-2202

**Note:** Ensure you refer to the correct RTD table for the type of RTD you are using.

# 2. Temperature Verification (Continued)

Toverify the Controller:

# TURN THE POWER TO THE CONTROLLER OFF BEFORE PROCEEDING!

- a) Disconnect the RTD wiring from the input terminals.
- b) Connect a 100  $\Omega$  resistor across the source or sense terminal and common. Insert a jumper between the source and sense terminals.
- c) Apply power to the controller. The indicated or displayed temperature should be about 3  $\, 2^{\circ} F (0^{\circ} C) \,$  depending on the actual resistance of the test resistor if RTD TYPE is set to  $100 \, \Omega \, Platinum$ . Any resistor may have a +/- 10% tolerance.

# 3. Unstable Temperature

An erratic indication of temperature can be caused by several factors external to the controller. The controller's accuracy and resolution will result in an indicated temperature change of a couple of degrees if the measured resistance temperature falls between two discrete values (this is sometimes referred to as quantization error).

If the instability is excessive, check:

- a) Wire used for extension of the RTD should be three-wire, twisted and shielded with the shield grounded at the controller only. Each of the three lead wires must be of the same gauge.
- b) The ideal installation has a separate conduit for the RTD leads (if they have been extended). It is not usually a problem to run low signal levels in the same conduit as the power leads even in high power applications, as long as the RTD wire is a twisted, shielded type with an insulation rating equal to or greater than the highest voltage in the conduit. Follow the proper Electrical Code requirements for your particular installation.
- c) Check the specifications for the particular cable being used to ensure that it does not have excessive capacitance when used in long lengths. This can cause a temperature offset between what the controller reads and what the RTD actually measures. This again is normally not a problem since the controller compensates for all but the worst cases of this.

#### 3. Unstable Temperature (Continued)

- d) Check one by one if the all RTD leads are connected to the connector.
- e) Lastly, it is possible for the RTD itself to fail on an intermittent basis but this failure mode should be considered unusual. This kind of failure is probably the most difficult to find but fortunately it is also the least likely as a failure mechanism.

#### 9.3 Ground Fault

Ground fault warning / alarms can be caused by incorrect installation as well as current leakage resulting from wet system components or damaged cables.

The CM2201/CM2202 Controller detects ground faults by summing the outgoing and return trace currents through an internal current transformer. Under normal operating conditions (no ground fault condition) this current will be zero. When there is a flow of current from one of the trace supply wires to ground, a ground fault condition occurs.

If a ground fault alarm is present on start-up of a new installation it is likely due to a wiring error or damaged cable. To verify this condition:

- a) Check that the heating circuit neutrals return to the controller and are not connected directly to the distribution panel. This can be a common problem if the installation is a retrofit situation.
- b) On paralleled circuits, be certain that ALL neutrals return. The late addition of a circuit may not be obvious.

**Note:** The controller monitors the integrity of the ground fault (GF) detection. If a fault is detected, the controller will generate a GFI warning/alarm depend of the settings.

# 9.4 Common Warnings/Alarms - What to Look for

The CM-2201/CM-2202 has a wide range of warning and alarming features that may be selectively enabled or disabled to allow the monitoring and indication of trouble conditions. Described below are the different warming and alarm conditions available on the CM-2201/CM-2202, their meanings, and possible causes. The warning settings must be below alarm settings. If an alarm will be activated the two SSR low power will be activated.

CM-2201/CM-2202 Troubleshooting

# 9.4.1 High RTD A/RTD B Temperature Reading

This warning/alarm appear when the temperature exceeds the HIGH RTD WARNING/ALARM temperature setting.

# Cause of Warning/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm temperature setting too close to maintain temperature
- Flow of hot product
- Steaming out lines
- Incorrect tracer wiring

# 9.4.2 Low RTD A/RTD B Temperature Reading

This warning/alarm appears when the temperature decreases below the LOW RTD WARNING/ALARM temperature setting.

# Cause of Warning/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm temperature setting too close to maintain temperature
- Flow of cold product
- Empty pipe
- Damaged, wet, or missing insulation
- Heating cable not sized properly for the application

#### 9.4.3 RTD A/RTD B Failure

This alarm indicates a sensor is not operating properly. The temperature sensor may fail due to an "open" or "shorted" condition.

#### Cause of Alarm:

- Incorrect or damaged field wiring open leads or excess resistance (either intermittent or continuous) may be due to broken or damaged wires or loose terminals.
- Damaged or inoperative temperature sensors

# 9.4.4 High Current Warning/Alarm

 $This Warning/alarms \, current \, levels \, that \, are \, greater \, than \, the \, HIGHCURRENT \, WARNING/ALARM \, setting for the application.$ 

# High Current Warning/Alarm (Continued)

Cause of Warning/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm setting too close to normal operating current
- High in-rush current from "cold start" of self regulating cable
- Damaged or partially shorted heating cable
- "As built" cable length is greater than design value

# 9.3.4 Low Current Warning/Alarm

This alarms current levels which are less than the LOW CURRENT WARNING/ALARM setting.

# Cause of Warnings/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm setting too close to normal operating current
- Low source voltage
- Damaged or inoperative heating cable
- Open connection—wiring problem
- SSR or contactor failed open

# 9.3.5 High GFI Warning

This warning ground fault current levels which are greater than the HIGH GFI WARNING setting.

# Cause of Warning:

- Warning setting too close to normal leakage current
- Damaged cable insulation and/or moisture present
- Moisture in junction box
- Poor splice or termination
- Moisture provides conductive ground path which allows ground fault current.

#### 9.3.6 GFI Alarm

This value sets the upper limit of allowable ground fault leakage. Exceeding this limit will result in the output switch being latched off and the alarm activated to indicate a ground fault condition.

# 9.3.7 GFI Alarm (Continued)

Cause of Alarm:

- Tripsetting too close to normal leakage current
- Damaged cable insulation and/or moisture present
- Moisture in junction box
- Poor splice or termination
- Moisture provides conductive ground path which allows ground fault current

# 9.3.8 High Voltage Warning/Alarm

This warning/alarms voltage levels that are greater than the HIGH VOLTAGE WARNING/ALARM setting.

# Cause of Warning/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm setting too close to normal operating voltage
- Incorrect wiring
- Powersurge

# 9.3.9 Low Voltage Warning/Alarm

This warning/alarms voltage levels are less than the LOW VOLTAGE WARNING/ALARM setting.

# Cause of Warning/Alarm:

- Warning/Alarm setting too close to normal operating voltage
- Damaged power cable
- Incorrect VOLTAGE TURNS RATIO
- "Brown-out" conditions
- Loss of power to the circuit

#### 9.3.10 Overcurrent Trip

If the controller is unable to start the cable due to high current or after attempting to soft start it, the controller will trip its output switch off.

#### Cause of Alarm:

- Excessive in-rush current
- Incorrect CM-2201/CM2202 settings
- Incorrect wiring
- Damaged cable

#### Switch Failure

This alarm indicates that the controller senses current flow when the output switch should beoff.

#### Cause of Alarm

- Some other device energized heat trace
- Output switch has failed "closed"

# 9.3.11 Power Limiting (Current Limiting)

This alarm indicates that the solid state relay is limiting the average amount of power that is applied to the trace circuit as defined by the MAXIMUM POWER setting.

#### Cause of Alarm:

 Power applied to trace circuit is being limited to the MAXIMUM POWER setting

#### 9.3.12 EEPROM Data Failure

This alarm indicates that the controller has detected a failure in its non-volatile memory (this is where all of the controller's configuration and calibration settings are stored). This indicates an internal problem and the CM2201/CM2202 should be replaced and returned to the factory for repair.

#### Cause of Alarm:

 The CM-2201/CM2202 cannot bypass the failed area of its memory and has loaded factory defaults into this failed area.

# 9.3.13 Continuity Failure

The "Continuity Failure" alarm indicates that the current being drawn by the load is less than about 0.5 Amps and hence the load is assumed to be disconnected.

CM-2201/CM-2202 Maintenance

#### **10.0 Maintenance**

The CM-2201/CM-2202 should be regularly maintained as follows:

- a) Check fit of door gasket and adjust as required. Clean door gasket.
- b) Verify that moisture is not entering enclosure; repair as required.
- c) Check terminals to ensure connections are secure.
- d) Check wiring for any signs of overheating.
- e) Clean front panel with mild soap on damp cloth.

Do not use any cloth from synthetic material or similar. On the cleaning process the front label may charge electrostatic and by touching the front panel may generate sparks.

# Appendix A-Specifications

Model: CM-2201/CM-2202 110-Rating: 277Vac,30Amps(Solid State

Relays)

Maximum Current: 30 Amps per Channel

Frequency: 50 or 60 Hz

Switching: Solid State Relay (DPST)

Normally Open (NO)

Enclosure: NEMA 4X

Alarm Outputs: 1. 24 VAC to 277 VAC @ Max. 0.5 Amps (Solid State Relay - requires Min. 100mA load)

2.30VDC@Max.0.1 Amps (Solid State Relay - requires Min.50mAload)

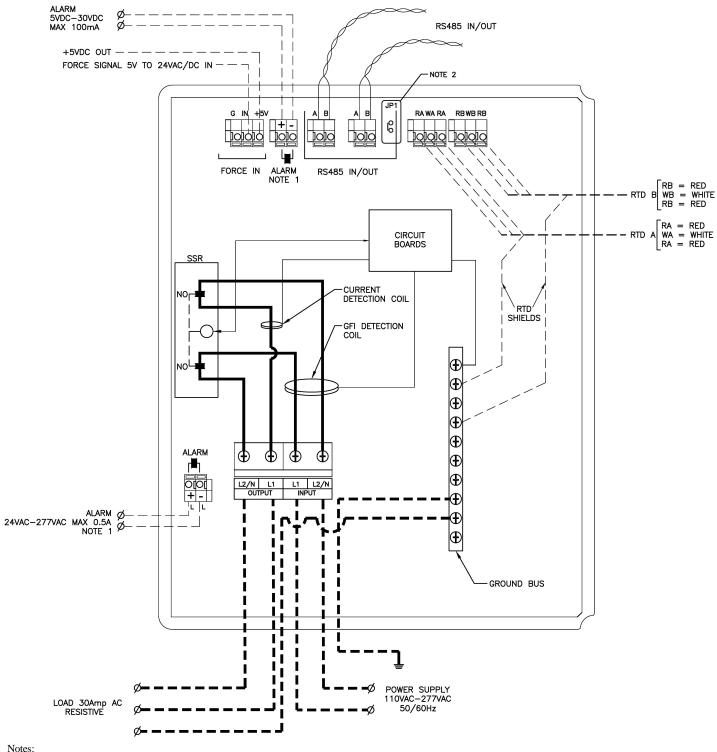
Agency Approval for cCSAus

Hazardous Locations: Class1, DIV.2, Groups A, B, C, D

Class 1, Zone 2: IIC

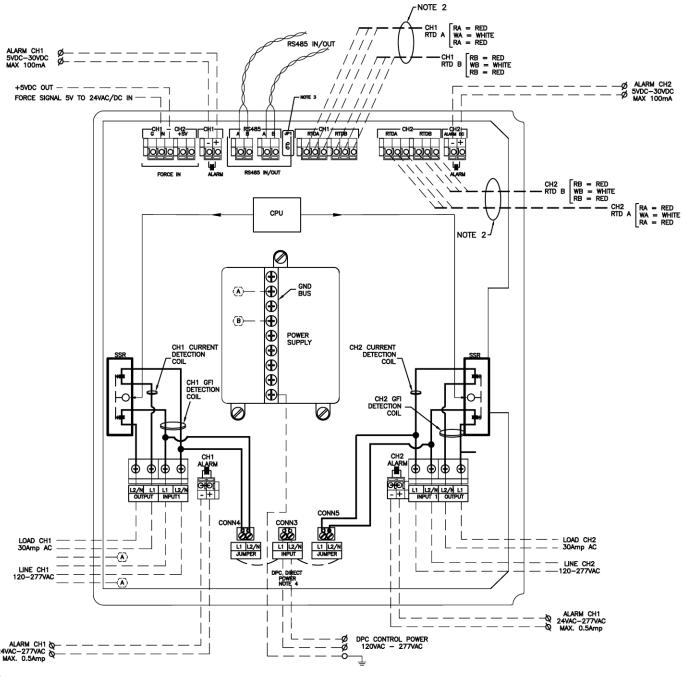
Temperature Code:  $T4(135 \degree C)$ 

# Appendix B - Wiring Diagram: CM-2201



- 1. SolidStateContact
- 2. Install Jumper at JP1 (120 OHM Resistor) on both terminals if CM-2201 is last device on network. Else install jumper on one terminal only of JP1.
- 3. If "Force" feature is activated by external "dry contact", use "+5V" and "IN" terminals; Ground connection is not required. If activated by external voltage signal, use "IN" and "G" (Ground) terminals as noted.

# Appendix B - Wiring Diagram: CM-2202

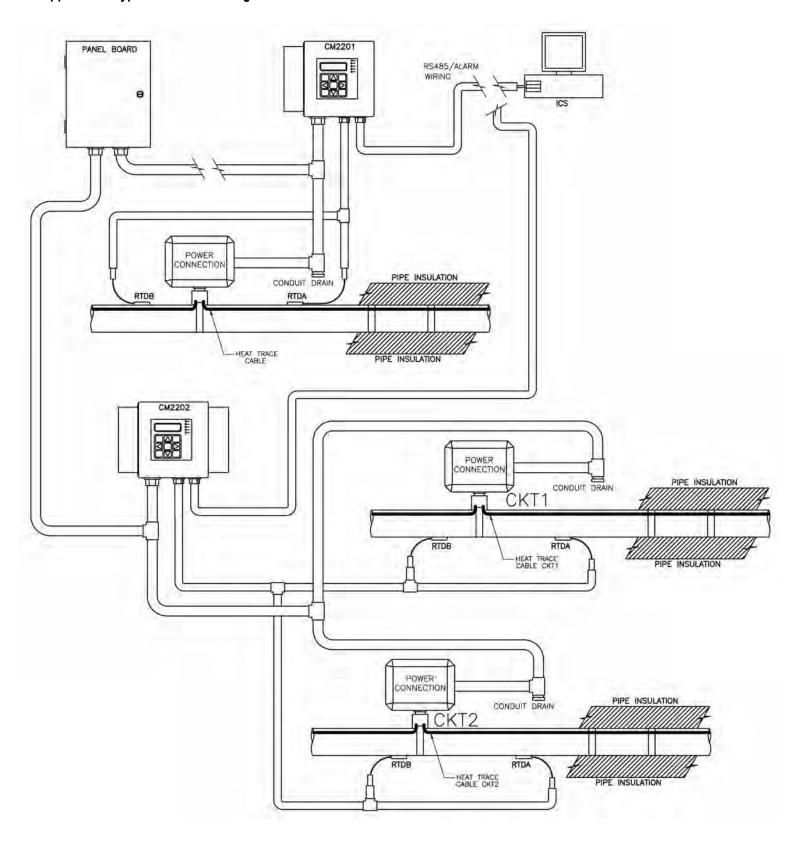


#### Notes:

- 1. All Alarms Output are SSR N.O.
- 2. All RTD's must have the Shield connected to Ground Bus.
- 3. Remove Jumper JP1 only if the controller is in RS485 Network <u>AND</u> is not the last unit on the Network.
- 4. Connect Power Supply Jumpers PJ1 & PJ2 as follows;

CONTROL POWER SOURCE	PJ1 (L1 - CONN3)	PJ2 (L2/N - CONN3)
INDEPENDENT	NO CONI	NECTION
CH.1	L1 - CONN4	L2/N - CONN4
CH.2	L1 - CONN5	L2/N - CONN5

# Appendix C-Typical Installation Diagram



# Appendix D

Modbus	Setup Group (F	Length	V - 11 N	D
Register	Address	Bytes	Variable Name	Description/Value Range
				= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
40001	0	2	Maintain Temp in °F	= 32766 if Set to None
				= 32767 if Set to Off
				= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
10002	1	2	Maintain Temp in °C	= 32766 if Set to None
				= 32767 if Set to Off
10000				= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
40003	2		Low Temp Alarm in °F	= 32767 if Set to Off
10001	_	_		= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
10004	3	2	Low Temp Alarm in °C	= 32767 if Set to Off
		_	11:-b T Al :- 0F	= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
10005	4	2	High Temp Alarm in °F	= 32767 if Set to Off
	_	_	High Tagas Alassa is 80	= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
10006	5	2	High Temp Alarm in °C	= 32767 if Set to Off
10007	6	2	Deadband in °F	= x per 1°F (1 to 10)
40008	7	2	Deadband in °C	= x per 1°C (1 to 5)
	<del>                                     </del>			= x per 0.1A (1 to 300)
40009	8	2	Low Current Alarm	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+			= x per 0.1A (1 to 300)
10010	9	2	High Current Alarm	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+	-		= x per 1mA (10 to 500)
10011	10	2	Ground Fault Alarm	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+			= x per 1mA (10 to 500)
10012	11	2	Ground Fault Trip	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+			= x per 1V (85 to 280)
40013	12	2	Low Voltage Alarm	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+			= x per 1V (85 to 280)
40014	13	2	High Voltage Alarm	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+	-		= x per 10% (1 to 10)
10015	14	2	Power Control	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+	-		= x per 1 Second (10 to 999)
40016	15	2	SoftStart	
	+	-		= 32767 if Set to Off = x per 1 Hour (1 to 720)
10017	16	2	Auto Test Time	= 32767 if Set to Off
	+	-		= x per 1 Second (5 to 600)
40018	17	2	Display Time	= 32767 if Set to Off
10019	18	2	Cost per kwh	= x per \$0.01 (1 to 100)
10019			·	- x per \$0.01 (1 to 100)
	19		Reserved Reserved	
10021	20			
10022	21	2	Reserved	= y par 4 Haur /4 to 04\
10023	000	٫ ا	Alarm Toot	= x per 1 Hour (1 to 24) = 32764 if Set to Disable
+0023	22	2	Alarm Test	
	+			=32765 if Set to Continuously
10024		-	Nu star Tark	= x per 1 Hour (1 to 24)
40024	23	2	Heater Test	= 32764 if Set to Disable
10005		_		=32765 if Set to Continuously
40025	24		Reserved	
40026	25		Heater Name	
40034-40042	33-41	16	Reserved	

				b30: Alarm Contact (ch2)
				0 = Normal Open
				1 = Normal Close
				b29: Heater Type (ch2)
				0 = Fixed Resistance
				1 = Self-Regulating
				b28-b27: GF Test (ch2)
				00 = Auto Test Cycle
				01 = Now
				10 = Disable
				b26: RTD Failure Mode (ch2)
				0 = Off
				1 = On
				b25-b23: RTD Operation (ch2)
				000 = Single RTD Mode
				001 = Backup
				010 = Average
				011 = Lowest
				100 = Highest
				101 = High Temp Cutout
				b22: Control Type (ch2)
				0 = On/Off
				1 = Proportional
				b21: Manual Override (ch2)
				0 = Off
				1 = On
				b20: Enable Heater (ch2)
				0 = No
				1 = Yes
				b19: Alarm Contact
				0 = Normal Open
				1 = Normal Close
				b18: Reserved
				b17-b16: GF Test
				00 = Auto Test Cycle
				01 = Now
				10 = Disable
				b15: Heater Type
40043	42	4	Heater Settings	0 = Fixed Resistance
			_	1 = Self-Regulating
	I I	l	I	ı

b14-b12: Baud Rate
000 = 1200 bps
001 = 2400 bps
010 = 4800 bps
011 = 9600 bps
100 = 19200 bps
b11-b10: Default Display
00 = System Status
01 = Heater Status
10 = Heater Temp
b9: Display Mode
0 = Normal
1 = Advanced
b8: Enable Password
0 = Disable
1 = Enable
b7: RTD Failure Mode
0 = Off
1 = On
b6-b4: RTD Operation
000 = Single RTD Mode
001 = Backup
010 = Average
011 = Lowest
100 = Highest
101 = High Temp Cutout
La Control T
b3: Control Type
0 = On/Off
1 = Proportional
b2: Manual Override
0 = Off
1 = On
b1: Enable Heater
0 = No
1 = Yes
10.11.5
b0: Units
b0: Units 0 = Fahrenheit 1 = Celsius

		Maintain Temp in °F	= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
40201	200	2 (ch2)	= 32766 if Set to None
			= 32767 if Set to Off
		Maintain Temp in °C	= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
40202	201	2 (ch2)	= 32766 if Set to None
		,	= 32767 if Set to Off
40000	202	Low Temp Alarm in °F	= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
40203	202	(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40204	203	Low Temp Alarm in °C	= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
40204	203	(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40205	204	High Temp Alarm in °F	= x per 1°F (-58 to +932)
40205	204	(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40206	205	High Temp Alarm in °C	= x per 1°C (-50 to +500)
40200	203	(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40207	206	Deadband in °F	= x per 1°F (1 to 10)
40201	200	(ch2)	X per 11 (1 to 10)
40208	207	Deadband in °C	= x per 1°C (1 to 5)
		(ch2)	
40209	208	Low Current Alarm	= x per 0.1A (1 to 300)
		(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40210	209	High Current Alarm	= x per 0.1A (1 to 300)
		(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40211	210	Ground Fault Alarm	= x per 1mA (10 to 500)
		(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40212	211	Ground Fault Trip	= x per 1mA (10 to 500)
		(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40213	212	Low Voltage Alarm	= x per 1V (85 to 280)
		(ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
40214	213	High Voltage Alarm	= x per 1V (85 to 280)
		(ch2) Power Control	= 32767 if Set to Off = x per 10% (1 to 10)
40215	214	2	= 32767 if Set to Off
		(ch2) SoftStart	= x per 1 Second (10 to 999)
40216	215	2 (ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
		_ Auto Test Time	= x per 1 Hour (1 to 720)
40217	216	2 (ch2)	= 32767 if Set to Off
-		i í	= x per 1 Second (5 to 600)
40218	217	2 Display Time	= 32767 if Set to Off
40219	218	2 Cost per kwh	= x per \$0.01 (1 to 100)
40220	219	2 Reserved	- x per wo.or (1 to 100)
40221	220	2 Reserved	
40221	221	2 Reserved	
TVLLL	££ 1	Alarm Test	= x per 1 Hour (1 to 24)
40223	222	2 (ch2)	= 32764 if Set to Disable
		- ()	=32765 if Set to Continuously
<del>                                     </del>		Heater Test	= x per 1 Hour (1 to 24)
40224	223	2 (ch2)	= 32764 if Set to Disable
	223		=32765 if Set to Continuously
40225	224	2 Reserved	12. so ii ost to osiminodaliy
		Heater Name	
40226	225	16 (ch2)	
		(CIIZ)	

D.2 Module Mo	onitoring Group (R	ead Only)	
			= x per °F
40045	44	2 System Temp in °F	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °C
40046	45	2 System Temp in °C	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °F
40047	46	2 RTD-A Temp in °F	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °C
40048	47	2 RTD-A Temp in °C	= 32765 if RTD Fail
40040	47	ZIKID-A Tempin C	= 32763 Default Value *
10040	40	0 DTD D T i- 85	= x per °F
40049	48	2 RTD-B Temp in °F	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °C
40050	49	2 RTD-B Temp in °C	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
40051	50	2 Heater Power	= x per 10%
10050	5.4		= x per 0.1A
40052	51	2 Current	= 32766 as Out of Range
40053	52	2 Reserved	
10000		2110001100	
40054	53	2 GF Current	= x per 1mA = 32766 as Out of Range
40055	54	2 Voltage	= x per 1V
		<u> </u>	= 32766 as Out of Range
40056	55	2 Heater status	= 1 on
			= 0 off
			= x per °F
40057	56	2 Max Temp in °F	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
	1		= x per °C
40058	57	2 Max Temp in °C	= 32765 if RTD Fail
		<u> </u>	= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °F
40059	58	2 Min Temp in °F	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
			= x per °C
40060	59	2 Min Temp in °C	= 32765 if RTD Fail
40060	55	Ziviin rempin C	
			= 32763 Default Value *
40061	60	2 Max Current	= x per 0.1A
			= 32766 as Out of Range
40062	61	2 Max GF Current	= x per 1mA
			= 32766 as Out of Range
40063	62	2 Max Volt	= x per 1V
40003	02	ZIVIAX VOIL	= 32766 as Out of Range
10001	62	0.15. 17. 5	= x per 1V
40064	63	2 Min Volt	= 32766 as Out of Range
			= x per 1MWh
40065	64	2 Energy	= 32766 as Out of Range
	+		= x per \$0.01
40066	65	4 Cost	= 0x7FFFFFFF as Out of
	65	1	Range
			= x per 1 Hour
40068	67	4 Heater On Time	= 1500000 as Out of Range
40070	69	2 Heater on %	= x per 1%
			·
40071	70	4 Alarm Stack 01	0 = No Alarm
40073	72	4 Alarm Stack 02	1 = Low Temp Alarm

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			• •
40075	74	4 Alarm Stack 03	2 = High Temp Alarm
40077	76	4 Alarm Stack 04	4 = Low Current Alarm
40079	78	4 Alarm Stack 05	8 = High Current Alarm
40081	80	4 Alarm Stack 06	16 = GF Alarm
40083	82	4 Alarm Stack 07	32 = GF Trip
40085	84	4 Alarm Stack 08	64 = Low Voltage Alarm
40087	86	4 Alarm Stack 09	128 = High Voltage Alarm
40089	88	4 Alarm Stack 10	256 = Auto Test Alarm
40091	90	4 Alarm Stack 11	512 = Continuity Failure Alarm
40093	92	4 Alarm Stack 12	1024 = SSR Failed Shorted Alarm
40095	94	4 Alarm Stack 13	2048 = RTD-A Fail Alarm
40097	96	4 Alarm Stack 14	4096 = Reserved
40099	98	4 Alarm Stack 15	8192 = RTD-B Fail Alarm
40101	100	4 Alarm Stack 16	16384 = Reserved
40103	102	4 Alarm Stack 17	32768 = Self Check Failure
40105	104	4 Alarm Stack 18	65536 = GFI test failure
40107	106	4 Alarm Stack 19	
40109	108	4 Alarm Stack 20	
40111	110	4 Log Stack 1	0 = No Alarm
40113	112	4 Log Stack 2	1 = Low Temp Alarm
40115	114	4 Log Stack 3	2 = High Temp Alarm
40117	116	4 Log Stack 4	4 = Low Current Alarm
40119	118	4 Log Stack 5	8 = High Current Alarm
40121	120	4 Log Stack 6	16 = GF Alarm
40123	122	4 Log Stack 7	32 = GF Trip
40125	124	4 Log Stack 8	64 = Low Voltage Alarm
40127	126	4 Log Stack 9	128 = High Voltage Alarm
40129	128	4 Log Stack 10	256 = Auto Test Alarm
40131	130	4 Log Stack 11	512 = Continuity Failure Alarm
40133	132	4 Log Stack 12	1024 = SSR Failed Shorted Alarm
40135	134	4 Log Stack 13	2048 = RTD-A Fail Alarm
40137	136	4 Log Stack 14	4096 = Reserved
40139	138	4 Log Stack 15	8192 = RTD-B Fail Alarm
40141	140	4 Log Stack 16	16384 = Reserved
40143	142	4 Log Stack 17	32768 = Self Check Failure
40145	144	4 Log Stack 18	65536 = GFI test failure
40147	146	4 Log Stack 19	
40149	148	4 Log Stack 20	
		System Temp in °F	= x per °F
40227	226	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
		System Temp in °C	= x per °C
40228	227	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
		RTD-A Temp in °F	= x per °F
40229	228	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *
		RTD-A Temp in °C	= x per °C
40230	229	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail
			= 32763 Default Value *

40237	236	Heater status	= 1 on	
40231	230	(ch2)	= 0 off	
		Max Temp in °F	= x per °F	
40238	237	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail	
			= 32763 Default Value *	
		Max Temp in °C	= x per °C	
40239	238	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail	
			= 32763 Default Value *	
		Min Temp in °F	= x per °F	
40240	239	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail	
			= 32763 Default Value *	
		Min Temp in °C	= x per °C	
40241	240	2 (ch2)	= 32765 if RTD Fail	
			= 32763 Default Value *	
40040	044	Max Current	= x per 0.1A	
40242	241	(ch2)	= 32766 as Out of Range	
10013	0.40	Max GF Current	= x per 1mA	
40243	242	(ch2)	= 32766 as Out of Range	
10011	0.40	Max Volt	= x per 1V	
40244	243	(ch2)	= 32766 as Out of Range	
10015	044	Min Volt	= x per 1V	
40245	244	(ch2)	= 32766 as Out of Range	
10010	0.45	Energy	= x per 1MWh	
40246	245	(ch2)	= 32766 as Out of Range	
	246	Cost	= x per \$0.01	
40247		4 (ch2)	= 0x7FFFFFFF as Out of	
		` '	Range	
40249	248	Heater On Time	= x per 1 Hour	
40240	240	(ch2)	= 1500000 as Out of Range	
40251	250	250	Heater on %	= x per 1%
40231	250	(ch2)	·	
40252	251	Alarm Stack 01	0 = No Alarm	
40232	231	(ch2)	1 = Low Temp Alarm	
40253	252	Alarm Stack 02	2 = High Temp Alarm	
40255	202	4 (ch2)	4 = Low Current Alarm	
40254	253	Alarm Stack 03	8 = High Current Alarm	
40254	253	4 (ch2)	16 = GF Alarm	
40055	054	Alarm Stack 04	32 = GF Trip	
40255	254	(ch2)	64 = Low Voltage Alarm	
40050	055	, Alarm Stack 05	128 = High Voltage Alarm	
40256	255	4 (ch2)	256 = Auto Test Alarm	
		Alarm Stack 06	512 = Continuity Failure Alarm	
40257	256	4	1024 = SSR Failed Shorted	
		(ch2)	Alarm	
40258	257	Alarm Stack 07	2048 = RTD-A Fail Alarm	
40230	257	4 (ch2)	4096 = Reserved	
40250	250	Alarm Stack 08	8192 = RTD-B Fail Alarm	
40259	258	4 (ch2)	16384 = Reserved	
40000	050	Alarm Stack 09	32768 = Self Check Failure	
40260	259	4 (ch2)	65536 = GFI test failure	

			<u> </u>
40261	260	Alarm Stack 10	
	200	(ch2)	
40262	261	Alarm Stack 11	
	201	(ch2)	
40263	262	Alarm Stack 12	
		(ch2)	
40264	263	Alarm Stack 13	
	<del> </del>	(ch2)	
40265	264	Alarm Stack 14	
40266	+	(ch2) Alarm Stack 15	
	265	4 (ch2)	
	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Alarm Stack 16	
40267	266	4 (ch2)	
		Alarm Stack 17	
40268	267	4 (ch2)	
		Alarm Stack 18	
40269	268	(ch2)	
	<del>                                     </del>	Alarm Stack 19	
40270	269	(ch2)	
40271	270	Alarm Stack 20	
		4 (ch2)	
40272	274	, Log Stack 1	0 = No Alarm
	271	4 (ch2)	1 = Low Temp Alarm
40273	272	Log Stack 2	2 = High Temp Alarm
		4 (ch2)	4 = Low Current Alarm
40274	273	Log Stack 3	8 = High Current Alarm
		4 (ch2)	16 = GF Alarm
40275	274	Log Stack 4	32 = GF Trip
		(ch2)	64 = Low Voltage Alarm
40276	275	Log Stack 5	128 = High Voltage Alarm
		(ch2)	256 = Auto Test Alarm
40277	276	Log Stack 6	512 = Continuity Failure Alarm
		4 (ch2)	1024 = SSR Failed Shorted Alarm
	+ + -	Log Stack 7	2048 = RTD-A Fail Alarm
40278	277	4 (ch2)	4096 = Reserved
40279	278	Log Stack 8	8192 = RTD-B Fail Alarm
		4 (ch2)	16384 = Reserved
40280	279	, Log Stack 9	32768 = Self Check Failure
		4 (ch2)	65536 = GFI test failure
40281	280	Log Stack 10	
		4 (ch2)	
40282	281	Log Stack 11	
		(ch2)	
40283	282	Log Stack 12	
		(ch2)	
40284	283	Log Stack 13	
	203	(ch2)	
40285	284	Log Stack 14	
		(ch2)	

	1		Log Ctook 44	
40285	284	4	Log Stack 14 (ch2)	
	<del>                                     </del>		Log Stack 15	
40286	285	4	(ch2)	
		_	Log Stack 16	
40287	286	4	(ch2)	
40000	007		Log Stack 17	
40288	287	4	(ch2)	
40289	288	1	Log Stack 18	
40203	200	7	(ch2)	
40290	289	4	Log Stack 19	
			(ch2)	
40291	290	4	Log Stack 20	
			(ch2)	
	Reset Group (W		I	
00151	150		Clear All Alarms	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00152	151		Clear All Logs	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00153	152		Reset Max Temp in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00154	153		Reset Min Temp in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00155	154		Reset Max Current in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00156	155		Reset Max GF in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00157	156		Reset Max Voltage in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00158	157		Reset Min Voltage in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00159	158		Reset Energy in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00160	159		Reset Cost in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00161	160		Reset Heater On Time (Hours) in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00162	161		Reset Heater On Percentage in statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00163	162	2	Reset All Statistics	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00164	163	2	Reserved	
00165	164	2	Reset Low Temperature Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00166	165	2	Reset High Temperature Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00167	166	2	Reset Low Current Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00168	167	2	Reset High Current Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00169	168	2	Reset Ground Fault Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00170	169	2	Reset Ground Fault Trip	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00171	170	2	Reset Low Voltage Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00172	171	2	Reset High Voltage Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00173	172	2	Reset Auto Test Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00174	173	2	Reset Continuity Fail Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00175	174	2	Reset Swith Fail Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00176	175	2	Reset RTDA Fail Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00177	176		Reset RTDB Fail Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00178	177		Reset Self Check Fail Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00179	178	2	Reset GFI Test Alarm	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00180-00184	179-183	8	Reserved	
00185	184	2	Clear All Alarms (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00186	185	2	Clear All Logs (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00187	186	2	Reset Max Temp in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset

00188	187	2 Reset Min Temp in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00189	188	2 Reset Max Current in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00190	189	2 Reset Max GF in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00191	190	2 Reset Max Voltage in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00192	191	2 Reset Min Voltage in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00193	192	2 Reset Energy in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00194	193	2 Reset Cost in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00195	194	2 Reset Heater On Time in statistics (Hours) (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00196	195	2 Reset Heater On Percentage in statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00197	196	2 Reset All Statistics (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00198	197	2 Reserved	
00199	198	2 Reset Low Temperature Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00200	199	2 Reset High Temperature Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00201	200	2 Reset Low Current Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00202	201	2 Reset High Current Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00203	202	2 Reset Ground Fault Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00204	203	2 Reset Ground Fault Trip (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00205	204	2 Reset Low Voltage Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00206	205	2 Reset High Voltage Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00207	206	2 Reset Auto Test Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00208	207	2 Reset Continuity Fail Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00209	208	2 Reset Swith Fail Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00210	209	2 Reset RTDA Fail Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00211	210	2 Reset RTDB Fail Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
00212	211	2 Reset Self Check Fail Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset
	212	2 Reset GFI Test Alarm (Ch2)	= Set "On (0xFF00)" to Reset

Appendix E - RTD Tables

°C		icient - 0.0	C to 239°C) 00385 Ohms	/Ohm/0	C						
C	Ohms	°C	Ohms	С	Ohms	°C	Ohms	°C	Ohms	°C	Ohms
-200	18.49	-137	45.11	-74	70.73	-11	95.69	51	119.78	114	143.80
-199	18.93	-136	45.52	-73	71.13			52	120.16	115	144.17
-198	19.36	-135	45.94	-72	71.53	-10	96.09	53	120.55	116	144.55
-197	19.79	-134	46.35	-71	71.93	-9	96.48	54	120.93	117	144.93
-196	20.22	-133	46.76			-8	96.87	55	121.32	118	145.31
-195	20.65	-132	47.18	-70	72.33	-7	97.26	56	121.70	119	145.68
-194	21.08	-131	47.59	-69	72.73	-6	97.65	57	122.09	117	113.00
-193	21.51	131		-68	73.13	-5	98.04	58	122.47	120	146.06
-192	21.94	-130	48.00	-67	73.53	-4	98.44	59	122.86	121	146.44
-191	22.37	-129	48.41	-66	73.93	-3	98.83			122	146.81
		-128	48.82	-65	74.33	-2	99.22	60	123.24	123	147.19
-190	22.80	-127	49.23	-64	74.73	-1	99.61	61	123.62	124	147.57
-189	23.23	-126	49.64	-63	75.13			62	124.01	125	147.94
-188	23.66	-125	50.06	-62	75.53	0	100.00	63	124.39	126	148.32
-187	24.09	-124	50.47	-61	75.93	1	100.39	64	124.77	127	148.70
-186	24.52	-123	50.88			2	100.78	65	125.16	128	149.07
-185	24.94	-122	51.29	-60	76.33	3	101.17	66	125.54	129	149.45
-184	25.37	-121	51.70	-59	76.73	4	101.56	67	125.92		
-183	25.80			-58	77.13	5	101.95	68	126.31	130	149.82
-182	26.23	-120	52.11	-57	77.52	6	102.34	69	126.69	131	150.20
-181	26.65	-119	52.52	-56	77.92	7	102.73			132	150.57
		-118	52.92	-55	78.32	8	103.12	70	127.07	133	150.95
-180	27.08	-117	53.33	-54	78.72	9	103.51	71	127.45	134	151.33
-179	27.50	-116	53.74	-53	79.11			72	127.84	135	151.70
-178	27.93	-115	54.15	-52	79.51	10	103.90	73	128.22	136	152.08
-177	28.35	-114	54.56	-51	79.91	11	104.29	74	128.60	137	152.45
-176	28.78	-113	54.97			12	104.68	75	128.98	138	152.83
-175	29.20	-112	55.38	-50	80.31	13	105.07	76	129.37	139	153.20
-174	29.63	-111	55.78	-49	80.70	14	105.46	77	129.75		
-173	30.05			-48	81.10	15	105.85	78	130.13	140	153.58
-172	30.47	-110	56.19	-47	81.50	16	106.24	79	130.51	141	153.95
-171	30.90	-109	56.60	-46	81.89	17	106.63			142	154.32
		-108	57.00	-45	82.29	18	107.02	80	130.89	143	154.70
-170	31.32	-107	57.41	-44	82.69	19	107.40	81	131.27	144	155.07
-169	31.74	-106	57.82	-43	83.08			82	131.66	145	155.45
-168	32.16	-105	58.22	-42	83.48	20	107.79	83	132.04	146	155.82
-167	32.59	-104	58.63	-41	83.88	21	108.18	84	132.42	147	156.19
-166	33.01	-103	59.04			22	108.57	85	132.80	148	156.57
-165	33.43	-102	59.44	-40	84.27	23	108.96	86	133.18	149	156.94
-164	33.85	-101	59.85	-39	84.67	24	109.35	87	133.56	,	

Appendix E - RTD Tables

	erature Conv um Resistan		C to 239°C)								
		ficient - 0.	00385 Ohms								
-163	34.27			-38	85.06	25	109.73	88	133.94	150	157.31
-162	34.69	-100	60.25	-37	85.46	26	110.12	89	134.32	151	157.69
-161	35.11	-99	60.66	-36	85.85	27	110.51			152	158.06
		-98	61.06	-35	86.25	28	110.90	90	134.70	153	158.43
-160	35.53	-97	61.47	-34	86.64	29	111.28	91	135.08	154	158.81
-159	35.95	-96	61.87	-33	87.04			92	135.46	155	159.18
-158	36.37	-95	62.28	-32	87.43	30	111.67	93	135.84	156	159.55
-157	36.79	-94	62.68	-31	87.83	31	112.06	94	136.22	157	159.93
-156	37.21	-93	63.09			32	112.45	95	136.60	158	160.30
-155	37.63	-92	63.49	-30	88.22	33	112.83	96	136.98	159	160.67
-154	38.04	-91	63.90	-29	88.62	34	113.22	97	137.36		
-153	38.46			-28	89.01	35	113.61	98	137.74	160	161.04
-152	38.88	90	64.30	-27	89.40	36	113.99	99	138.12	161	161.42
-151	39.30	-89	64.70	-26	89.80	37	114.38			162	161.79
		-88	65.11	-25	90.19	38	114.77	100	138.50	163	162.16
-150	39.71	-87	65.51	-24	90.59	39	115.15	101	138.88	164	162.53
-149	40.13	-86	65.91	-23	90.98			102	139.26	165	162.90
-148	40.55	-85	66.31	-22	91.37	40	115.54	103	139.64	166	163.27
-147	40.96	-84	66.72	-21	91.77	41	115.93	104	140.02	167	163.65
-146	41.38	-83	67.12			42	116.31	105	140.39	168	164.02
-145	41.79	-82	67.52	-20	92.16	43	116.70	106	140.77	169	164.39
-144	42.21	-81	67.92	-19	92.55	44	117.08	107	141.15		
-143	42.63			-18	92.95	45	117.47	108	141.53	170	164.76
-142	43.04	-80	68.33	-17	93.34	46	117.85	109	141.91	171	165.13
-141	43.45	-79	68.73	-16	93.73	47	118.24			172	165.50
		-78	69.13	-15	94.12	48	118.62	110	142.29	173	165.87
-140	43.87	-77	69.53	-14	94.52	49	119.01	111	142.66	174	166.24
-139	44.28	-76	69.93	-13	94.91			112	143.04	175	166.61
-138	44.70	-75	70.33	-12	95.30	50	119.40	113	143.42	176	166.98

Platin	erature Conv um Resistan erature Coeff	ce (240°C	C to 629°C) 00385 Ohms	s/Ohm/O	C						
°C	Ohms	°C	Ohms	С	Ohms	°C	Ohms	°C	Ohms	°C	Ohms
240	190.45	301	212.37	362	233.87	423	254.93	484	275.56	545	295.75
241	190.81	302	212.73	363	234.22	424	255.27	485	275.89	546	296.08
242	191.18	303	213.09	364	234.56	425	255.61	486	276.23	547	296.41
243	191.54	304	213.44	365	234.91	426	255.95	487	276.56	548	296.74
244	191.90	305	213.80	366	235.26	427	256.29	488	276.89	549	297.06
245	192.26	306	214.15	367	235.61	428	256.63	489	277.23		
246	192.63	307	214.51	368	235.96	429	258.98			550	297.39

**Appendix E - RTD Tables** 

Tempe Platinu	dix E - RTD rature Conv um Resistan erature Coeff	ersion ce (240°C	C to 629°C) 00385 Ohms	/Ohm/00	3						
247	192.99	308	214.86	369	236.31			490	277.56	551	297.72
248	193.35	309	215.22			430	257.32	491	277.90	552	298.04
249	193.71			370	236.65	431	257.66	492	278.23	553	298.37
		310	215.57	371	237.00	432	258.00	493	278.56	554	298.70
250	194.07	311	215.93	372	237.35	433	258.34	494	278.90	555	299.02
251	194.44	312	216.28	373	237.70	434	258.68	495	279.23	556	299.35
252	194.80	313	216.64	374	238.04	435	259.02	496	279.56	557	299.68
253	195.16	314	216.99	375	238.39	436	259.36	497	279.90	558	300.00
254	195.52	315	217.35	376	238.74	437	259.70	498	280.23	559	300.33
255	195.88	316	217.70	377	239.09	438	260.04	499	280.56		
256	196.24	317	218.05	378	239.43	439	260.38			560	300.65
257	196.60	318	218.41	379	239.78			500	280.90	561	300.98
258	196.96	319	218.76			440	260.72	501	281.23	562	301.31
259	197.33			380	240.13	441	261.06	502	281.56	563	301.63
		320	219.12	381	240.47	442	261.40	503	281.89	564	301.96
260	197.69	321	219.47	382	240.82	443	261.74	504	282.23	565	302.28
261	198.05	322	219.82	383	241.17	444	262.08	505	282.56	566	302.61
262	198.41	323	220.18	384	241.51	445	262.42	506	282.89	567	302.93
263	198.77	324	220.53	385	241.86	446	262.76	507	283.22	568	303.26
264	199.13	325	220.88	386	242.20	447	263.10	508	283.55	569	303.58
265	199.49	326	221.24	387	242.55	448	263.43	509	283.89		
266	199.85	327	221.59	388	242.90	449	236.77			570	303.91
267	200.21	328	221.94	389	243.24			510	284.22	571	304.23
268	200.57	329	222.29			450	264.11	511	284.55	572	304.56
269	200.93			390	243.59	451	264.45	512	284.88	573	304.88
		330	222.65	391	243.93	452	264.79	513	285.21	574	305.20
270	201.29	331	223.00	392	244.28	453	265.13	514	285.54	575	305.53
271	201.65	332	223.35	393	244.62	454	265.46	515	285.87	576	305.85
272	202.01	333	223.70	394	244.97	455	265.80	516	286.21	577	306.18
273	202.36	334	224.06	395	245.31	456	266.14	517	286.54	578	306.50
274	202.72	335	224.41	396	245.66	457	266.48	518	286.87	579	306.82
275	203.08	336	224.76	397	246.00	458	266.82	519	287.20		
276	203.44	337	225.11	398	246.35	459	267.15			580	307.15
277	203.80	338	225.46	399	246.69			520	287.53	581	307.47
278	204.16	339	225.81			460	267.49	521	287.86	582	307.79
279	204.52			400	247.04	461	267.83	522	288.19	583	308.12

Appendix E - RTD Tables

	erature Conv		3 t - C300C)								
	um Resistan erature Coeff		2 to 629°C) 00385 Ohms	/Ohm/00							
		340	226.17	401	247.38	462	268.17	523	288.52	584	308.44
280	204.88	341	226.52	402	247.72	463	268.50	524	288.85	585	308.76
281	205.23	342	226.87	403	248.07	464	268.84	525	289.18	586	309.09
282	205.59	343	227.22	404	248.41	465	269.18	526	289.51	587	309.41
283	205.95	344	227.57	405	248.76	466	269.51	527	289.84	588	309.73
284	206.31	345	227.92	406	249.10	467	269.85	528	290.17	589	310.05
285	206.67	346	228.27	407	249.45	468	270.19	529	290.50		
286	207.02	347	228.62	408	249.79	469	270.52			590	310.38
287	207.38	348	228.97	409	250.13			530	290.83	591	310.70
288	207.74	349	229.32			470	270.86	531	291.16	592	311.02
289	208.10			410	250.48	471	271.20	532	291.49	593	311.34
		350	229.67	411	250.82	472	271.53	533	291.81	594	311.66
290	208.45	351	230.02	412	251.16	473	271.87	534	292.14	595	311.99
291	208.81	352	230.37	413	251.50	474	272.20	535	292.47	596	312.31
292	209.17	353	230.72	414	251.85	475	272.54	536	292.80	597	312.63
293	209.52	354	231.07	415	252.19	476	272.88	537	293.13	598	312.95
294	209.88	355	231.42	416	252.53	477	273.21	538	293.46	599	313.27
295	210.24	356	231.77	417	252.87	478	273.55	539	293.79		
296	210.59	357	232.12	418	253.22	479	273.88			600	313.59
297	210.95	358	232.47	419	253.56			540	294.11	601	313.91
298	211.31	359	232.82			480	274.22	541	294.44	602	314.24
299	211.66			420	253.90	481	274.55	542	294.77	603	314.56
		360	233.17	421	254.24	482	274.89	543	295.10	604	314.88
300	212.02	361	233.52	422	254.59	483	275.22	544	295.43	605	315.20

Appendix E - RTD Tables

100W	Platinu	m RTD S	Ω- 0.003	85 coeffic	cient							
°F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 9	10	°F	
Resist	ance in	Ohms										
-320	20.44	20.20	19.96	19.72	19.48	19.24	19.00	18.76	18.52			-320
-310	22.83	22.59	22.35	22.11	21.87	21.63	21.39	21.16	5 20.92	20.68	20.44	-310
-300	25.20	24.97	24.73	24.49	24.25	24.02	23.78	23.54	4 23.30	23.06	22.83	-300
-290	27.57	27.33	27.10	26.86	26.62	26.39	26.15	25.9	25.68	25.44	25.20	-290
-280	29.93	29.69	29.46	29.22	28.98	28.75	28.51	28.28	3 28.04	27.81	27.57	-280
-270	32.27	32.04	31.80	31.57	31.34	31.10	30.87	30.63	30.40	30.16	29.93	-270
-260	34.61	34.38	34.14	33.91	33.68	33.44	33.21	32.98	32.74	32.51	32.27	-260
-250	36.94	36.71	36.47	36.24	36.01	35.78	35.54	35.3	35.08	34.84	34.61	-250
-240	39.26	39.03	38.80	38.56	38.33	38.10	37.87	37.64	4 37.40	37.17	36.94	-240
-230	41.57	41.34	41.11	40.88	40.65	40.42	40.19	39.95	39.72	39.49	39.26	-230
-220	43.88	43.65	43.42	43.19	42.96	42.73	42.49	42.26	6 42.03	41.80	41.57	-220
-210	46.17	45.94	45.71	45.48	45.26	45.03	44.80	44.57	7 44.34	44.11	43.88	-210
-200	48.46	48.23	48.00	47.78	47.55	47.32	47.09	46.86	46.63	46.40	46.17	-200
-190	50.74	50.52	50.29	50.06	49.83	49.60	49.38	49.15	5 48.92	48.69	48.46	-190
-180	53.02	52.79	52.56	52.34	52.11	51.88	51.65	51.43	3 51.20	50.97	50.74	-180
-170	55.29	55.06	54.83	54.61	54.38	54.15	53.93	53.70	53.47	53.25	53.02	-170
-160	57.55	57.32	57.10	56.87	56.65	56.42	56.19	55.97	7 55.74	55.51	55.29	-160
-150	59.81	59.58	59.35	59.13	58.90	58.68	58.45	58.23	3 58.00	57.78	57.55	-150
-140	62.06	61.83	61.61	61.38	61.16	60.93	60.71	60.48	60.26	60.03	59.81	-140
-130	64.30	64.08	63.85	63.63	63.40	63.18	62.95	62.73	62.50	62.28	62.06	-130
-120	66.54	66.31	66.09	65.87	65.64	65.42	65.20	64.97	7 64.75	64.52	64.30	-120
-110	68.77	68.55	68.33	68.10	67.88	67.66	67.43	67.2	66.99	66.76	66.54	-110
-100	71.00	70.78	70.55	70.33	70.11	69.89	69.66	69.44	4 69.22	68.99	68.77	-100
-90	73.22	73.00	72.78	72.56	72.33	72.11	71.89	71.67	71.45	71.22	71.00	-90
-80	75.44	75.22	75.00	74.78	74.55	74.33	74.11	73.89	73.67	73.45	73.22	-80
-70	77.66	77.43	77.21	76.99	76.77	76.55	76.33	76.1 <sup>2</sup>	75.88	75.66	75.44	-70
-60	79.86	79.64	79.42	79.20	78.98	78.76	78.54	78.32	78.10	77.88	77.66	-60
-50	82.07	81.85	81.63	81.41	81.19	80.97	80.75	80.53	80.31	80.09	79.86	-50
-40	84.27	84.05	83.83	83.61	83.39	83.17	82.95	82.73	82.51	82.29	82.07	-40
-30	86.47	86.25	86.03	85.81	85.59	85.37	85.15	84.93	84.71	84.49	84.27	-30
-20	88.66	88.44	88.22	88.00	87.78	87.56	87.34	87.13	86.91	86.69	86.47	-20
-10	90.85	90.63	90.41	90.19	89.97	89.75	89.54	89.32	89.10	88.88	88.66	-10

**Appendix E - RTD Tables** 

100W	/ Platinu	m RTD Ω		5 coeffic	ient								
۰F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	٥F	
Resist	tance in (	Ohms											
)	93.03	92.82	92.60	92.38	92.16	91.94	91.72		91.50	91.29	91.07	90.85	О
)	93.03	93.25	93.47	93.69	93.91	94.12	94.34		94.56	94.78	95.00	95.21	0
10	95.21	95.43	95.65	95.87	96.09	96.30	96.52		96.74	96.96	97.17	97.39	10
20	97.39	97.61	97.83	98.04	98.26	98.48	98.70		98.91	99.13	99.35	99.57	20
30	99.57	99.78	100.00	100.22	100.43	100.65	100.87		101.09	101.30	101.52	101.74	30
40	101.74	101.95	102.17	102.39	102.60	102.82	103.04		103.25	103.47	103.69	103.90	40
50	103.90	104.12	104.34	104.55	104.77	104.98	105.20		105.42	105.63	105.85	106.07	50
50	106.07	106.28	106.50	106.71	106.93	107.15	107.36		107.58	107.79	108.01	108.23	60
70	108.23	108.44	108.66	108.87	109.09	109.30	109.52		109.73	109.95	110.17	110.38	70
80	110.38	110.60	110.81	111.03	111.24	111.46	111.67		111.89	112.10	112.32	112.53	80
90	112.53	112.75	112.96	113.18	113.39	113.61	113.82		114.04	114.25	114.47	114.68	90
100	114.68	114.90	115.11	115.33	115.54	115.76	115.97		116.18	116.40	116.61	116.83	100
110	116.83	117.04	117.26	117.47	117.68	117.90	118.11		118.33	118.54	118.76	118.97	110
120	118.97	119.18	119.40	119.61	119.82	120.04	120.25		120.47	120.68	120.89	121.11	120
130	121.11	121.32	121.53	121.75	121.96	122.18	122.39		122.60	122.82	123.03	123.24	130
140	123.24	123.46	123.67	123.88	124.09	124.31	124.52		124.73	124.95	125.16	125.37	140
150	125.37	125.59	125.80		126.22	126.44	126.65	1	26.86	127.08	127.29	127.50	150
160	127.50	127.71	127.93		128.35	128.56	128.78	1	28.99	129.20	129.41	129.62	160
170	129.62	129.84	130.05		130.47	130.68	130.90	1	31.11	131.32	131.53	131.74	170
180	131.74	131.96	132.17		132.59	132.80	133.01	1	33.23	133.44	133.65	133.86	180
190	133.86	134.07	134.28		134.71	134.92	135.13	1	35.34	135.55	135.76	135.97	190
200	135.97	136.19	136.40		136.82	137.03	137.24	1	37.45	137.66	137.87	138.08	200
210	138.08	138.29	138.51		138.93	139.14	139.35	1	39.56	139.77	139.98	140.19	210
220	140.19	140.40	140.61		141.03	141.24	141.45	1	41.66	141.87	142.08	142.29	220
230	142.29	142.50	142.71		143.13	143.34	143.55	1	43.76	143.97	144.18	144.39	230
240	144.39	144.60	144.81		145.23	145.44	145.65	1	45.86	146.07	146.28	146.49	240
250	146.49	146.70	146.91		147.32	147.53	147.74	1	47.95	148.16	148.37	148.58	250
260	148.58	148.79	149.00		149.41	149.62	149.83	1	50.04	150.25	150.46	150.67	260
270	150.67	150.88	151.08		151.50	151.71	151.92	1	52.13	152.33	152.54	152.75	270
280	152.75	152.96	153.17		153.58	153.79	154.00	1	54.21	154.42	154.62	154.83	280
290	154.83	155.04	155.25		155.66	155.87	156.08	1	56.29	156.49	156.70	156.91	290
300	156.91	157.12	157.33		157.74	157.95	158.15	1	58.36	158.57	158.78	158.98	300
310	158.98	159.19	159.40		159.81	160.02	160.23	1	60.43	160.64	160.85	161.05	310
320	161.05	161.26	161.47		161.88	162.09	162.29	1	62.50	162.71	162.91	163.12	320

Appendix E - RTD Tables

	N Platinu			85 coeffic	ient							
٥F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	3 9	10	٥F	
Resis	stance in (	Ohms										
330	163.12	163.33	163.53	163.74	163.95	164.15	164.36	164.57	164.77	164.98	165.18	330
340	165.18	165.39	165.60	165.80	166.01	166.21	166.42	166.63	166.83	167.04	167.24	340
350	167.24		167.66	167.86	168.07	168.27	168.48	168.68	168.89	169.09	169.30	350
360	169.30	169.51	169.71	169.92	170.12	170.33	170.53	170.74	170.94	171.15	171.35	360
370	171.35	171.56	171.76	171.97	172.17	172.38	172.58	172.79	172.99	173.20	173.40	370
380	173.40	173.61	173.81	174.02	174.22	174.43	174.63	174.83	175.04	175.24	175.45	380
390	175.45	175.65	175.86	176.06	176.26	176.47	176.67	176.88	177.08	177.29	177.49	390
400	177.49	177.69	177.90	178.10	178.30	178.51	178.71	178.92	179.12	179.32	179.53	400
410	179.53	179.73	179.93	180.14	180.34	180.55	180.75	180.95	181.16	181.36	181.56	410
420	181.56	181.77	181.97	182.17	182.38	182.58	182.78	182.98	183.19	183.39	183.59	420
430	183.59	183.80	184.00	184.20	184.40	184.61	184.81	185.01	185.22	185.42	185.62	430
440	185.62	185.82	186.03	186.23	186.43	186.63	186.84	187.04	187.24	187.44	187.65	440
450	187.65	187.85	188.05	188.25	188.45	188.66	188.86	189.06	189.26	189.46	189.67	450
460	189.67	189.87	190.07	190.27	190.47	190.67	190.88	191.08	191.28	191.48	191.68	460
470	191.68	191.88	192.09	192.29	192.49	192.69	192.89	193.09	193.29	193.49	193.70	470
480	193.70	193.90	194.10	194.30	194.50	194.70	194.90	195.10	195.30	195.50	195.71	480
490	195.71	195.91	196.11	196.31	196.51	196.71	196.91	197.11	197.31	197.51	197.71	490
500	197.71	197.91	198.11	198.31	198.51	198.71	198.91	199.11	199.31	199.51	199.71	500
510	199.71	199.91	200.11	200.31	200.51	200.71	200.91	201.11	201.31	201.51	201.71	510
520	201.71	201.91	202.11	202.31	202.51	202.71	202.91	203.11	203.31	203.51	203.71	520
530	203.71	203.91	204.11	204.31	204.51	204.71	204.90	205.10	205.30	205.50	205.70	530
540	205.70	205.90	206.10	206.30	206.50	206.70	206.89	207.09	207.29	207.49	207.69	540
550	207.69	207.89	208.09	208.29	208.48	208.68	208.88	209.08	209.28	209.48	209.67	550
560	209.67	209.87	210.07	210.27	210.47	210.67	210.86	211.06	211.26	211.46	211.66	560
570	211.66	211.85	212.05	212.25	212.45	212.64	212.84	213.04	213.24	213.44	213.63	570
580	213.63	213.83	214.03	214.23	214.42	214.62	214.82	215.02	215.21	215.41	215.61	580
590	215.61	215.80	216.00	216.20	216.40	216.59	216.79	216.99	217.18	217.38	217.58	590
600	217.58	217.77	217.97	218.17	218.37	218.56	218.76	218.96	219.15	219.35	219.55	600
610	219.55	219.74	219.94	220.13	220.33	220.53	220.72	220.92	221.12	221.31	221.51	610
620	221.51	221.70	221.90	222.10	222.29	222.49	222.68	222.88	223.08	223.27	223.47	620
630	223.47	223.66	223.86	224.06	224.25	224.45	224.64	224.84	225.03	225.23	225.42	630
640	225.42	225.62	225.82	226.01	226.21	226.40	226.60	226.79	226.99	227.18	227.38	640
650	227.38	227.57	227.77	227.96	228.16	228.35	228.55	228.74	228.94	229.13	229.33	650
660	229.33	229.52	229.72	229.91	230.11	230.30	230.49	230.69	230.88	231.08	231.27	660

**Appendix E - RTD Tables** 

100W	/ Platinu	m RTD Ω	2- 0.0038	35 coeffic	ient								
°F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	°F	
Resist	ance in (	Ohms											
70	231.27	231.47	231.66	231.86	232.05	232.24	232.44		232.63	232.83	233.02	233.21	670
80	233.21	233.41	233.60	233.80	233.99	234.18	234.38		234.57	234.77	234.96	235.15	680
90	235.15	235.35	235.54	235.73	235.93	236.12	236.31		236.51	236.70	236.89	237.09	690
700	237.09	237.28	237.47	237.67	237.86	238.05	238.25		238.44	238.63	238.83	239.02	700
'10	239.02	239.21	239.41	239.60	239.79	239.98	240.18		240.37	240.56	240.75	240.95	710
<b>7</b> 20	240.95	241.14	241.33	241.52	241.72	241.91	242.10		242.29	242.49	242.68	242.87	720
730	242.87	243.06	243.26	243.45	243.64	243.83	244.02		244.22	244.41	244.60	244.79	730
<b>7</b> 40	244.79	244.98	245.18	245.37	245.56	245.75	245.94		246.13	246.33	246.52	246.71	740
750	246.71	246.90	247.09	247.28	247.47	247.67	247.86		248.05	248.24	248.43	248.62	750
760	248.62	248.81	249.00	249.20	249.39	249.58	249.77		249.96	250.15	250.34	250.53	760
770	250.53	250.72	250.91	251.10	251.30	251.49	251.68		251.87	252.06	252.25	252.44	770
780	252.44	252.63	252.82	253.01	253.20	253.39	253.58		253.77	253.96	254.15	254.34	780
790	254.34	254.53	254.72	254.91	255.10	255.29	255.48		255.67	255.86	256.05	256.24	790
300	256.24	256.43	256.62	256.81	257.00	257.19	257.38		257.57	257.76	257.95	258.14	800
310	258.14	258.33	258.52	258.70	258.89	259.08	259.27		259.46	259.65	259.84	260.03	810
320	260.03	260.22	260.41	260.60	260.78	260.97	261.16		261.35	261.54	261.73	261.92	820
330	261.92	262.11	262.29	262.48	262.67	262.86	263.05		263.24	263.43	263.61	263.80	830
340	263.80	263.99	264.18	264.37	264.56	264.74	264.93		265.12	265.31	265.50	265.68	840
350	265.68	265.87	266.06	266.25	266.44	266.62	266.81		267.00	267.19	267.37	267.56	850
360	267.56	267.75	267.94	268.12	268.31	268.50	268.69		268.87	269.06	269.25	269.44	860
370	269.44	269.62	269.81	270.00	270.18	270.37	270.56		270.75	270.93	271.12	271.31	870
380	271.31	271.49	271.68	271.87	272.05	272.24	272.43		272.61	272.80	272.99	273.17	880
390	273.17	273.36	273.55	273.73	273.92	274.11	274.29		274.48	274.67	274.85	275.04	890
000	275.04	275.22	275.41	275.60	275.78	275.97	276.15		276.34	276.53	276.71	276.90	900
10	276.90	277.08	277.27	277.46	277.64	277.83	278.01		278.20	278.38	278.57	278.75	910
920	278.75	278.94	279.13	279.31	279.50	279.68	279.87		280.05	280.24	280.42	280.61	920
930	280.61	280.79	280.98	281.16	281.35	281.53	281.72		281.90	282.09	282.27	282.46	930
940	282.46	282.64	282.83	283.01	283.20	283.38	283.56		283.75	283.93	284.12	284.30	940
50	284.30	284.49	284.67	284.86	285.04	285.22	285.41		285.59	285.78	285.96	286.14	950
960	286.14	286.33	286.51	286.70	286.88	287.06	287.25		287.43	287.62	287.80	287.98	960
70	287.98	288.17	288.35	288.53	288.72	288.90	289.08		289.27	289.45	289.64	289.82	970
080	289.82	290.00	290.19	290.37	290.55	290.73	290.92	ļ	291.10	291.28	291.47	291.65	980
990	291.65	291.83	292.02	292.20	292.38	292.56	292.75		292.93	293.11	293.30	293.48	990

## **Appendix E - RTD Tables**

	/ Platinu			85 coeffic	ient							
°F	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	9	10	۰F	
Resist	ance in (	Ohms										
1000	293.48	293.66	293.84	294.03	294.21	294.39	294.57	294.76	294.94	295.12	295.30	1000
1010	295.30	295.48	295.67	295.85	296.03	296.21	296.40	296.58	296.76	296.94	297.12	1010
1020	297.12	297.31	297.49	297.67	297.85	298.03	298.21	298.40	298.58	298.76	298.94	1020
1030	298.94	299.12	299.30	299.49	299.67	299.85	300.03	300.21	300.39	300.57	300.75	1030
1040	300.75	300.94	301.12	301.30	301.48	301.66	301.84	302.02	302.20	302.38	302.56	1040
1050	302.56	302.75	302.93	303.11	303.29	303.47	303.65	303.83	304.01	304.19	304.37	1050
1060	304.37	304.55	304.73	304.91	305.09	305.27	305.45	305.63	305.81	305.99	306.17	1060
1070	306.17	306.35	306.53	306.71	306.89	307.07	307.25	307.43	307.61	307.79	307.97	1070
1080	307.97	308.15	308.33	308.51	308.69	308.87	309.05	309.23	309.41	309.59	309.77	1080
1090	309.77	309.95	310.13	310.31	310.49	310.67	310.85	311.02	311.20	311.38	311.56	1090
1100	311.56	311.74	311.92	312.10	312.28	312.46	312.64	312.81	312.99	313.17	313.35	1100
1110	313.35	313.53	313.71	313.89	314.07	314.24	314.42	314.60	314.78	314.96	315.14	1110
1120	315.14	315.31	315.49	315.67	315.85	316.03	316.21	316.38	316.56	316.74	316.92	1120
1130	316.92	317.10	317.27	317.45	317.63	317.81	317.98	318.16	318.34	318.52	318.70	1130
1140	318.70	318.87	319.05	319.23	319.41	319.58	319.76	319.94	320.12	320.29	320.47	1140
1150	320.47	320.65	320.82	321.00	321.18	321.36	321.53	321.71	321.89	322.06	322.24	1150
1160	322.24	322.42	322.59	322.77	322.95	323.13	323.30	323.48	323.66	323.83	324.01	1160
1170	324.01	324.18	324.36	324.54	324.71	324.89	325.07	325.24	325.42	325.60	325.77	1170
1180	325.77	325.95	326.12	326.30	326.48	326.65	326.83	327.00	327.18	327.36	327.53	1180
1190	327.53	327.71	327.88	328.06	328.24	328.41	328.59	328.76	328.94	329.11	329.29	1190
1200	329.29	329.46	329.64	329.82	329.99	330.17	330.34	330.52	330.69	330.87	331.04	1200
1210	331.04	331.22	331.39	331.57	331.74	331.92	332.09	332.27	332.44	332.62	332.79	1210
1220	332.79											1220

## Appendix F - Warranty

Nelson Heat Trace Products
LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

AppletonGrp LLC - d/b/a Appleton Group warrants that if there are any defects in material or workmanship in any heating cable or accessory during the first year after the date of purchase, we will provide new products to replace any defective items, or we will refund the purchase price paid for the accessory or cable, not including any labor or other installation costs. As an alternate, we may elect to repair the cable or accessory at our factory with all shipping and other removal costs borne by the purchaser.

We further warrant that, for a period of twelve (12) months after the date of performance, any services performed here under will be in a good and skillful manner, based on our understanding of pertinent technical data as of the date of performance of such services. Appleton Group's sole responsibility and liability in the event of any defect, error, omission, or failure in the services rendered here under shall be to provide corrected services of the type provided for herein, designed to correct such defect, error, omissions, or failure, and in no event shall Appleton Group's liability with respect to such warranty exceed the amount received by it from the Buyer on account of such services.

Our obligation to provide corrected services, new products, refund the purchase price, or perform the repair described above is conditioned upon (a) the installation of the accessory or cable conforming to the directions set forth in our installation instructions and (b) the accessory or cable not having been damaged by mechanical or electrical activities unrelated to the operation of the accessory or cable.

A refund of your purchase price, provision of replacement products, repair of the accessory or cable or provision of corrected services as described above, shall be your sole and exclusive remedy for a breach of this warranty. THESE ARE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE WARRANTIES GIVEN BY APPLETON GROUP WITH RESPECT TO THE GOODS AND SERVICES AND ARE IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDE ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW OR OTHERWISE, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WHETHER OR NOT THE PURPOSE OR USE HAS BEEN DISCLOSED TO NELSON IN SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS OR OTHERWISE, AND WHETHER OR NOT APPLETON GROUP'S PRODUCTS ARE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED AND/OR MANUFACTURED BY NELSON FOR YOUR USE OR PURPOSE.

This warranty does not extend to any losses or damages due to misuse, accident, abuse, neglect, normal wear and tear, negligence, unauthorized modification or alteration, use beyond rated capacity, or improper installation, maintenance or application. To the extent that you or your agents have supplied specifications, information, representation of operating conditions or other data to Appleton Group in the selection or design of the Goods and the preparation of Appleton Group's quotation, and in the event that actual operating conditions or

other conditions differ from those represented by you, any warranties or other provisions contained herein which are affected by such conditions shall be null and void.

If within thirty (30) days after your discovery of any warranty defects within the warranty period, you notify Appleton Group thereof in writing. Appleton Group shall, at its option, repair, correct or replace F.O.B. point of manufacture, or refund the purchase price for, that portion of the Goods found by Appleton Group to be defective. Failure by you to give such written notice within the applicable time period shall be deemed an absolute and unconditional waiver of your claim for such defects. Goods repaired or replaced during the warranty period shall be covered by the foregoing warranty for the remainder of the original warranty period or ninety (90) days from the date of shipment of the repaired or replaced goods, whichever is longer.

This limited warranty does not cover any costs relating to the repair or replacement of any accessory or cable at the installation site. Our accessories and cables are not easily accessible. A failed accessory or cable usually cannot be easily repaired. Replacement of a failed accessory or cable will require that the materials under which it is installed be removed to permit replacement of the accessory or cable. We will not reimburse any costs relating to the repair or replacement of any accessory or cable at the installation site.

IN NO EVENT, REGARDLESS OF THE FORM OF THE CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION (WHETHER BASED IN CONTRACT, INFRINGEMENT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICTLIABILITY, OTHER OR OTHERWISE), SHALL APPLETON GROUP'S LIABILITY TO YOU AND/OR YOUR CUSTOMERS EXCEED THE PRICE PAID BY YOU FOR THE SPECIFIC GOODS PROVIDED BY APPLETON GROUP GIVING RISE TO THE CLAIM OR CAUSE OF ACTION. YOU AGREE THAT WE SHALL NOT BE LIABLE TO YOU OR YOUR CUSTOMERS FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES. No agent, employee or representative of ours has authority to bind us to any affirmation, representation of warranty concerning the goods sold unless such affirmation, representation or warranty is specifically incorporated by written agreement.

To obtain new products, arrange repair of existing product, or a refund under this warranty, please contact Appleton Group (800-621-1506) with a description of the defect and proof of purchase at the address noted herein.

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